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The Hongkong Telegraph.

FOUNDED 1861
No. 21,659

五拜禮 號一十二月八英港香 FRIDAY, AUGUST 21, 1925. 日三初月七

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BORDER TROUBLE

ANOTHER SERIOUS INCIDENT.

POLICE FIRED ON.

Not far from the police station
at Lokmachau is a ferry across the
Shumchun River used by peasants
in the district.

Here another border incident, of
a somewhat sensational character,
occurred early this morning, when,
in consequence of interference with
a number of peasants, a police
picket turned out and was later
fired upon by soldiers from Chinese
territory.

The report of two shots was dis-
tinctly heard at the Lokmachau
Police Station from the direction of
the ferry, and the Officer in Charge,
Sergeant Swan, turned out a very
large force. On arrival at the
ferry crossing, they found the
ferry boat from the British bank
being forcibly turned back by two
armed men, who were in Chinese
soldiers' uniform.

On the arrival of the police
picket, the two armed men im-
mediately turned their rifles on the
newcomers and discharged about
ten shots, none of which had effect.
When the police made as if to re-
turn the fire, one of the soldiers
immediately took shelter in the
midst of a crowd of women peasants
nearby, whilst the other man ran
and hid behind a high embankment.
This shelter he later forsook in
favour of that taken by his com-
panion. The party of women
peasants with the two soldiers still
sheltering among them then moved
off further into Chinese territory,
the British being unable to open
fire upon them for fear of hitting
innocent peasants.

Another Incident.

News of another incident, of a
minor character, was received here
late last night. It was to the effect
that a gang of P.W.D. coolies was
at work yesterday afternoon on
the road between Sheungshui and
Takooling when they were fired up-
on from across the border at a
spot where the road goes nearest
to Chinese territory. The coolies
took fright and ran away. It is
stated that only one shot was fired.

BASEBALL.

THREE WEEK-END GAMES.

There are no fewer than three
games to be played in the Hong-
kong Baseball League during the
coming week-end a double header
on Saturday afternoon and a
match on Sunday.

On Saturday, the first game will
be between the Japanese and the
Indians, and this should provide
another victory for the men of
Nippon, for the Indians have not
been showing very good form of
late. The game starts at 2.30
p.m.

The second match, which begins
at 4.30 p.m., is between the Hong-
kong Baseball Club and the Hong-
kong Volunteers and this should
attract a large attendance of
followers. The "Yanks" ought to
win without very much trouble,
but the Volunteers have some big
hitters.

Sunday's match should prove
the most interesting, this being
between the Chinese and the
Filipinos. Both sides are known
for their excellence and there is
keen rivalry between them. The
match starts at 4 p.m. The line-up
and batting order of the Chinese
team will be as follows:—Pung,
1st base; Chu, 3rd base; Juno,
short-stop; Pan, 2nd base; Shim,
pitcher; Leung, left-field; Lee,
catcher; Tang, right-field; and
Choy, centre-field.

BELGIAN DEBT.

SETTLEMENT HAS MIXED RECEPTION.

A. U. S. Explanation.

London, Aug. 20.

Belgium's American debt settle-
ment has intensified interest in the
meeting of M. Caillaux and Mr.
Churchill on Monday. It is pointed
out by the English newspapers that
the United States is now being paid
by Britain and Belgium, but nobody
is yet paying Britain.—*Reuter.*

Paris, Aug. 20.

The newspapers to-day hope that
a result of Belgium's settlement will
be to make the Franco-American
negotiations easier. Anxiety is
expressed lest the terms imposed on
France will equal or approach those
accepted by Britain.—*Reuter.*

Rome, August 20.

Satisfaction is expressed that
Belgium has obtained a long mor-
atorium. The newspapers quote
comparative figures of Italian and
Belgian wealth in support of the
contention that the American
terms, to Italy should be more
generous than to Belgium. The
Minister of Finance to-day
lengthily conferred with the
Italian Ambassador to Washing-
ton on the subject of the Italian
debt to America.—*Reuter.*

Brussels, August 20.

The Nationalist paper *Nation*
Belge says that if Parliament ap-
proves of the agreement the coun-
try's financial equilibrium will be
upset. The Ministerial organ
Vingtieme Siecle, also the *Etoile*
Belge, the Flemish standard, con-
sider the agreement the best ex-
pectable.—*Reuter.*

New York, August 20.

The newspapers emphasize the
special equities of Belgium's
economic situation, and declare
that it would be misleading and
dangerous to attempt to apply the
results of the agreement to other
nations.—*Reuter.*

Washington, Aug. 20.

The reason for the United
States granting special considera-
tion to Belgium's peculiar status
and re-opening the debt negotia-
tions after a deadlock had been
reached is explained in an official
statement by Mr. Mellon as being
due to a specific promise, which
was momentarily forgotten, made
by Prime Wilson at a critical point
in the Peace Treaty negotiations,
when a rupture threatened owing
to Belgium's indignation at being
compelled to take over the cur-
rency introduced by the Germans
during the war and being debarred
to claim from Germany the
cost of the machinery plants re-
moved from the country.—*Reuter's American Service.*

WOMEN'S TENNIS.

HELEN WILLS BEATS JOAN FRY.

Forest Hills, Aug. 20.

In the fourth round of the Wo-
men's National Championship, Miss
Eleanor Goss defeated Mrs. Lam-
bert Chambers, 6-2, 11-9.

Miss McKane beat Miss Ryan,
3-6, 7-5, 6-2.

Miss Helen Wills beat Miss
Joan Fry, 4-6, 6-0, 6-3.

Miss McKane also beat Mrs.
Mallory, 6-2, 6-1.—*Reuter's Ameri-
can Service.*

AUSTRALIAN STRIKERS.

SEAMEN AND FIREMEN AGAIN.

Sydney, Aug. 20.

A mass meeting of a thousand
seamen and firemen, all from over-
seas vessels, has decided to strike
as a protest against wage reduc-
tions. It is stated that the crews
of the overseas ships in other parts
will be called out to-morrow.—*Reuter.*

SMUGGLED LETTERS.

EVASION OF LOCAL CENSORSHIP.

Two Police Cases.

According to the postal officials,
there is a great deal of letter
smuggling to and from the Colony
just now in order to evade the cen-
sorship which is still in force.
Therefore, the Police Magistrate
was asked this morning to take
a serious view of the charge against
a Chinese clerk who returned to the
Colony with a bundle of letters in
his possession.

In extenuation, the defendant
pleaded that he brought these let-
ters over from Shekkl as a favour
for a friend, and, as he was careful
to insist that the envelopes be left
open, he thought that it might be
believed of him that he was not
in any way secretive over the mat-
ter. Moreover, these letters were
addressed to an Australian destina-
tion, and he did not think he was
committing a breach of the postal
regulations in view of the fact that
the letters would be posted from
Hongkong.

The Magistrate (Mr. R. A. D.
Forrest), who was informed that
the letters were merely business
correspondence, said he took into
full consideration the defendant's
plea, and, as the offence was only
a technical one, he would impose
the small fine of \$10.

Pleading guilty to a charge of
bringing 64 letters into the Colony
from Shekkl, another man describ-
ed as a runner or courier, was
remanded for the contents of the
letters to be examined. Bail in
this case increased from \$20 to \$50.

The defendant stated that he was
bringing these letters to friends
and relatives in Hongkong, and was
not aware that in doing so he was
committing a breach of the local
law.

MOROCCO VICTORY.

PEACE OFFER WITHDRAWN.

Paris, Aug. 20.

Immediate and far-reaching polit-
ical effects are claimed from the
French victory at Thoul. The
news spread like wild fire in the
tribal country, the effect being
highly damaging to Abd el Krim.
Neighbouring tribesmen are re-
ported to be wavering. A Tangier
message says that the Franco-
Spanish officials who have hitherto
been retained in Morocco for the
purpose of getting into contact
with Abd el Krim in the event of
the latter wishing to initiate peace
overtures have now been with-
drawn, which is taken to indicate
that the time limit of the Franco-
Spanish peace offer has expired.—*Reuter.*

FRENCH BANK STRIKE.

OTHER WORKERS JOIN IN.

Marseilles, Aug. 20.

The city is wearing a funeral
aspect owing to a strike in sym-
pathy with the bank clerks, which
is practically general. Shops are
closed, and public conveyances are
not running. Despite the Com-
munists' sympathetic action this
morning the strike committee de-
cided not to permit Communist in-
tervention.—*Reuter.*

Paris, Aug. 20.

The Police easily dispersed de-
monstrations of bank strikers on the
boulevards. The movement is
still spreading, and banking busi-
ness is increasingly handicapped.
—*Reuter.*

"RED" LEADER SHOT.

CANTON LOSES ACTIVE COMMUNIST OFFICIAL.

Canton, Aug. 20.

Mr. Liao Chung-hoi, one of the
leading Bolshevik members of the
Canton Government, was assassi-
nated last night.—*Reuter.*

The death of Liao (Liu) Chung-
hol at the hand of an assassin
(private advices state that he was
shot in the morning, and succumb-



The late Liao Chung-hoi.

(By Courtesy Wah Kiu Yat Po)

ed the same day) removes one of
the most active of the "Red" leaders
of the Kuomintang party. A
native of Waichow, and 48 years of
age, the deceased was the son of
the late Mr. Liu Choo-san, formerly
a managing director of the China
Merchants Steam Navigation Co.
Liao was educated in Japan,
graduating in law and economics
in the Imperial University at Tokio.

When the Chinese Republic came
into being, he was appointed
Finance Minister of Kwangtung,
and became later an active
adherent of the late Dr. Sun Yat-
sen, being made Civil Governor of
Kwangtung for a spell and then
transferring to the Labour Depart-
ment. He has been one of the
chief advocates of the Russian
Bolshevik alliance, and had great
influence among the "Red" workers.
He practically gave orders to the
head of the Whampoa Cadets, the
Russian-trained troops of Canton.
His assassin is currently believed
to be one of the anti-Communist
faction in the city.

The late Mr. Liao Chung-hoi
leaves a widow and two children,
a boy and a girl, who are both be-
ing educated at the Canton Chris-
tian College. He has a brother
in the Government service, being
at present the Superintendent of
Nanking Customs and Commis-
sioner for Foreign Affairs.

BASRAH BLAZE.

WHOLE STREETS GUTTED.

Baghdad, August 20.

Entire streets of humble homes
were destroyed by fire in a con-
gested area of Basrah on Aug. 19th.
The damage is \$80,000, and would
have been heavier but for valuable
aid which the Air Force gave to
the fire brigade.—*Reuter.*

INDO-CHINA'S NEW GOVERNOR.

DETERMINATION TO REPRESS BOLSHEVISM.

Interesting Interview.

In connection with the appoint-
ment of M. Varenne, a Socialist,
to be Governor-General of Indo-
China, in succession to M. Merlin,
a correspondent of the *Impartial*,
an organ devoted to French Colo-
nial interests in Saigon, has
secured the following cabled in-
terview with the new Governor-
General:—

"It is the peculiar situation of
Indo-China which has motivated my
nomination," states M. Varenne.
"In effect, if the present Indo-
Chinese problem had been purely
of the administrative order, it is
doubtful if a public official would
have been chosen to solve it; but
the problem is much more com-
plex. It is, above all a problem
of the political order, and it is for
that reason that the Government
has desired to nominate a Gover-
nor capable of studying, in their
ensemble, the grave international
political problems of the Pacific,
of watching at near distance the
present disturbing Chinese move-
ment. I shall prevent the encroach-
ment of the Bolshevistic
movement by a firm and generous
measure of native policy. ... De-
spite the rumours which have cir-
culated in Paris, I am firmly re-
solved to remain a member of the
Socialist Party."

In expressing its gratification
over the appointment of a man of
the calibre of M. Varenne to a
post entailing so much respon-
sibility, the *Impartial* says that
the Bolshevik problem in China is
one that requires immediate atten-
tion, and with his knowledge of
that party's organization and ac-
tivities in Europe, M. Varenne
should be able to bring into pre-
sent affairs a policy born of valu-
able experience. No better choice
says the French journal could be
made than that of a member of
parliament who has been made
thoroughly conversant with a
movement which has not only
stirred one of the most valuable
possessions of France in Northern
Africa into revolt, but is likewise
threatening the peace and good
order of her premier Colony in the
Far East.

[The above interview was tele-
graphed from France a fortnight
ago, since when Reuter has cabled
that M. Varenne, who has been ac-
cused of defection from Socialis-
tic principles by his acceptance of
a post entailing a firm policy of
repression of the Bolshevistic
movement, has been given the
choice by his colleagues of the
Governorship or expulsion from
the Party. It would appear from
the above interview that M.
Varenne is firmly resolved to ac-
cept.—*Ed. H. K. T.*]

YAUMATI POLICE RAID.

LARGE NUMBER OF IDLERS ARRESTED.

Yaumati was the scene of an
other police raid this morning.
Acting in conjunction with a
detachment of the Punjabs who
threw a cordon round the area, the
police parties carried out a thorough
search of the houses in Pupile
Square Street, Arthur Street,
Temple Street and Man Ming Lane.
A very large number of non-
workers were taken into custody.

The raid was supervised by the
C. S. E. (Mr. P. F. J. Wodehouse,
C. I. E.), who had with him Mr.
W. R. Scott A. S. P. and Mr. L. H. V.
Booth A. D. O. I.
Lt. Wright Neville was in com-
mand of the Punjabs.

MISSIONARIES KIDNAPPED.

EIGHT BRITISHERS SEIZED IN SZECHWAN.

Ordeal of Five Women.

London, Aug. 20.

The Church Missionary Society
has received a cable from Munyang,
Szechwan, stating that eight Bri-
tish missionaries, of whom five are
women, were kidnapped by bandits
on August 6th. All are safe, and
are being well treated. Those
kidnapped include Bishop Mowll,
the Assistant Bishop of West China.
—*Reuter.*

HOME CRICKET.

LEICESTER LOSE TO SUSSEX.

London, Aug. 20.

At Leicester, Sussex defeated
Leicestershire by four wickets.
The scores were:—
Leicester, 130 and 150.
Sussex, 200 and 81 for six
wickets.

In Leicester's first innings, Wens-
ley took five wickets for 26 runs.
In their second knock, Astill com-
piled 55, Wensley taking five
wickets for 61 runs. When Sus-
sex went in the first time, Cox
scored 66, Geary taking five
wickets for 60, and in their
second innings Astill captured
four wickets for 34.

Middlesex Triumph.
Playing at Worcester, Middlesex
beat Worcestershire by eight
wickets. Scores:—
Worcester, 163 and 177.
Middlesex, 274 and 57 for two
wickets.

In Worcester's initial venture,
Haig captured five wickets for 65
runs, and in their second knock
he took four for 67, and Hearne
four for 40. In the first innings
of Middlesex, Gray scored 79,
Root taking six wickets for 97
runs.

Big Win For Notts.
In their match at Nottingham,
Notts defeated Northants by the
big margin of an innings and 48
runs. The scores were:—
Notts, 379 for nine wickets (de-
clared).
Northants, 188 and following
on, 143.

For Notts, Walker compiled 66
and Larwood 70, whilst Payton
knocked up the high score of 103,
being undefeated at the close. In
the first innings of Northants,
C. M. Woolley scored 56, Barratt
capturing seven wickets for 53
runs, and in their second knock
Bagnall compiled 75.—*Reuter.*

DAVIS CUP.

AUSTRALIA VS. JAPAN.

Brookline, Aug. 20.

In the Australo-Japanese Davis
Cup tie, Patterson defeated
Shimizu, 6-1, 6-4, 6-2 and
Anderson beat Harada 6-4, 3-6,
6-3, 6-1.—*Reuter's American Ser-
vice.*

AMERICAN TEAM.

New York, Aug. 20.

It is officially announced that
the United States Davis Cup team
will be:—Norris Williams, as
captain, Tilden, W. M. Johnston,
and Vincent Richards, and How-
ard Kinsey as first reserve.—*Reuter's American Service.*

PRESIDENT ADAMS FIRE.

CARGO CONSIDERABLY DAMAGED.

New York, Aug. 20.

The fire on the s.s. President
Adams has been extinguished. It
was confined to general merchandise
in number one hold. The cargo has
been considerably damaged by
fire and water.—*Reuter's American
Service.*

YUE YING WA.

NEW POSSIBILITIES DISCUSSED.

NAVAL ACTION.

The loss, or presumed loss, of a
steamer at sea is followed as a mat-
ter of course by the holding of a
Marine Court of Enquiry, and it is
rather significant that, up to date,
arrangements for an enquiry into
the circumstances surrounding the
foundering of the s.s. Yue Ying Wa
have been delayed.

This indicates that in well-in-
formed maritime circles there still
remains a hope, scanty though it
may be, that her fate is other than
was presumed, and on going
very carefully into the facts con-
cerning her mysterious disappear-
ance there would appear to be some
cause for an expression of doubt.

A closer study of the track of the
typhoon on August 8th which sup-
posedly struck the ship has revealed
that if the s.s. Yue Ying Wa fol-
lowed her normal course after leaving
Hohow for Hongkong she would at
all times have been sufficiently
out of the direct influence of the
typhoon to escape the experience
of weather of such severity as
would be calculated to cause her to
founder.

If the vessel left Hohow on
August 8th with only a live deck
cargo and no cargo below the water-
line, it would be comparatively easy
for her to turn turtle on striking
severe weather, but Capt. Alex.
Pompey was known to be a very
careful navigator and a discriminating
officer, and it was extremely
unlikely that he would have
taken his vessel to sea

if he doubted her sea-
worthiness. The Yue Ying Wa
was an old type of vessel and car-
ried no water ballast tanks, but
Capt. Pompey knew her end to end
and was not the man to take any
risks with his charge.

If the vessel has not foundered
the query naturally arises "Where
is she now?" There is a dis-
position to regard the boat's fate,
for the time being at any rate, as
a mystery. In certain circles
there is a suspicion that she has
been pirated, but, presuming the
Canton Government became aware
of the fact that she was carrying
the first cargo of livestock from
Hohow to Hongkong since the
strike, it may be that she has been
seized by one of their armed
launches.

Between Hongkong and Kwang
Chow, Wan there are dozens of
small Chinese ports where a vessel
of the size of the Yue Ying Wa
could be hived without suspicion,
and it would not be the first time
that life-boats have been jettisoned
as a "bluff."

The Hongkong naval authorities
wired to Canton yesterday, as the
result of which a keen look-out
for the missing vessel was kept
in Canton waters. There has
been no result, and as the Navy
has nothing definite to go upon a
more diligent search has not been
undertaken.

We are not suggesting that the
possibilities herein expressed offer
more than a very scanty hope for
the safety of the vessel and her
crew but it is strange that vessels
following her course on that day
did report weather of undue se-
verity.

Capt. Pompey, who is Russian by
birth, but having spent many years
in England subsequently took out
naturalisation papers was antici-
pating the early arrival of his
intended bride from Russia. It is
reported that the lady is now on
her way to the Colony.

The No. 1 typhoon signal was
hoisted to-day.

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M.S. "Asia" 12th September
M.S. "Java" 15th October
M.S. "Africa" 15th November
M.S. "Malaya" 10th December

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CHINA ASSOCIATION.

HONGKONG BRANCH RE-FORMED.

The Board Room of Messrs. Jardine, Matheson and Co., offices was crowded last evening when a public meeting was held for the purpose of re-forming the Hongkong branch of the China Association. As will be seen by the full report which follows there was a very interesting discussion before the decision was come to.

The Hon. Mr. P. H. Holyoak, who presided, said: Gentlemen, I called this meeting because there has of necessity, during the past few weeks and since the crisis in China arose, been constant occasions when it has been necessary to communicate, as far as possible direct with the Foreign Office, and the only means which obtaining in this Colony, unless we go via His Majesty's Minister in Peking, is through the China Association in London, and as the Hongkong branch of the China Association became practically extinct during the war, many of the important telegrams which have already gone to the Secretary of State for the Colonies through the courtesy of the Government here and which we desired to communicate, for obvious reasons, to the Foreign Office, since the questions dealt with concerned them more particularly than they did the Colonial Office, were passed on direct by the Chamber of Commerce to the China Association in London, at its parent branch. The reasons why the China Association died, as far as I can recollect them, are that during the stress and strain of the early days of the war, the Committee dwindled through various causes. Some of the Committee went home; those who remained were strained to their utmost in one way or another, and the work meant duplicating meetings between the Chamber of Commerce and the China Association. In addition to that, as far as I can recollect, the late Mr. Ede, who was, I think, the Chairman of the Association, was even then a very sick man and many meetings became impossible. Then Secretaries were removed—they went home for war purposes—and finally the records of the Association have even still to be actually discovered. The only thing that has been traced is that we have fortunately a credit balance left (laughter). That is about the only thing we can trace as a concrete fact at the present moment. Even the constitution of the Society here, which has to be on all four with the constitution at Shanghai and other branches associated with the parent society in London, at the moment has been mislaid and we have to write to Shanghai for a copy of their Association rules in order that they may be adopted here. I confess that I do not actually remember in our constitution whether the Committee was composed of eight or nine, but it is suggested that a Committee of nine might be workable and we adjust our constitution when we adopt it for that purpose.

Situation Not Understood. There is another reason why the China Association of later years has faded into extinction, and that is that, as you know, we work in Hongkong under the Colonial Office, and that all matters affecting China come directly under the Foreign Office, and anything which is directly associated with the Foreign Office here is rather difficult to work in a Crown Colony and interest in it fades and dies away; but as a matter of literal fact this Colony is, for all practical purposes, much affected by all trade questions, and crises such as we are passing through at the present time are inseparably and inevitably bound up with the mainland of China, and the problems of the Foreign Office and the Colonial Office are identical although they are quarrelling continually amongst themselves. Possibly a good deal of the laxity in realising the gravity of the situation which exists in Hongkong to-day, by the Foreign Office at any rate, is due to the fact that we have not been able to make direct representations to the office with all the power which this Colony ought to be able to command, and as I say, important telegrams which we should have the right to send to the Government and to request that they be passed on to the Foreign Office with the authority which comes from a Government representation here actually does not obtain, because, in reality and in fact, the Government, as represented by the Colonial Office here, does not actually

communicate, save through London and a separate Office, direct, and we ought to be able to go direct and some machinery must be provided which will ensure that.

A Separate Problem.

We all know the gravity of the situation here. It cannot be too strongly enforced or too often repeated that the crisis is becoming increasingly grave. Neither do we want to overstate the case, but we want to make London realise that this is a problem existing in Hongkong as between Hongkong and China which is absolutely separate and distinct from anything they may arrange. They may have conferences without end, they may send out special envoys, they may wait for months, and in the meantime, so long as this Bolshevik Russian Government remains in power in Canton, this Colony will inevitably and more certainly week by week, drift to destruction with every British interest in coast ports lying between here and Foochow, and indeed the whole of China. It is all very well to say or infer that you must not rock the boat in Hongkong because you will affect the settlement of questions in the North and possibly prejudice their ultimate settlement. Gentlemen, our problem is as distinct from the North as it possibly could be, as distinct as the North Pole is from the South Pole, and nothing which may be done in Peking will alleviate the coming destruction which is facing us in Hongkong. Believing that, as I do, I suggest that the society must be re-formed so that we may make our suggestions direct with the hope that we might be able to instil into them a little more knowledge.

Up-to-date Knowledge.

I do not believe that any man who lived in Hongkong a few months ago with a practical knowledge of the situation could possibly understand the situation as it exists in Canton to-day. I am perfectly certain that no representative or head of firms who went home a year ago, certainly not two years ago, can visualise for a moment, sitting in London, the condition of affairs as we know them as practical facts here, and it is with the hope that we may be able to educate them that we are trying to reform this society this evening with the distinct hope that practical results may be obtained from it (Applause).

Sir Henry Pollock, having remarked that he would like first of all to address the meeting before any decision was taken, and on obtaining the consent of the chair said:

Sir Henry Pollock's Speech.

Mr. Chairman and Gentlemen, I feel bound in the interests of the public of this Colony to oppose the formation of a Branch of the China Association here. Certain broad general facts are well known, namely, that strong and speedy representations that must be taken to end the present situation have been made by the local British and Chinese Mercantile Banking and Shipping interests and have received the strong support of the Hongkong Government. It is also well known that, so far as British interests here are concerned, the General Chamber of Commerce have been urging our cause at the Foreign Office through the medium of the China Association in London.

Now Sir, what is the result of those negotiations? Broadly speaking it may be said that the Agents whom we have chosen for pressing our case before the Foreign Office namely the China Association in London, have proved a complete and thorough failure; and we in this Colony can only surmise, in the absence of the publication of confidential communications from the China Association in London to the General Chamber of Commerce, that that Association has proved singularly wanting in earnestness and purpose in pressing upon the Foreign Office the urgent necessity for local and decisive action in Canton being taken by the British Government in order to terminate the tyranny of the present terrorist faction in Canton, who have not only declared a boycott of British shipping and goods and a complete severance of all communication between Canton and Hongkong in defiance of every Treaty right, but have also openly vowed their intention to ruin this Colony and its trade, shipping and business, and thus to reduce this, the second port of the world, to a position of commercial insignificance.

Drifting to Utter Ruin.

Moreover, Sir, as you have pointed out in your letter to the newspapers, the Canton fac-

tion have already in the course of some two months only, succeeded to a great extent in achieving their hostile purpose, for as you say, in your letter, and the statement is no exaggerated one, "this Colony and British trade throughout Southern China drift daily nearer to utter ruin." You also state and everybody in the Colony agrees, that conferences up North cannot possibly settle the Southern situation or affect it in the smallest degree. And yet we find that notwithstanding all these arguments which must be presumed to have been forcibly pressed home by the China Association in London on the Foreign Office, that that Association has been wholly useless to us.

And their failure is all the more remarkable in view of

(1) The clear and definite statement of policy made by the Foreign Secretary, Mr. Austen Chamberlain, in the House of Commons on the 1st July, and

(2) The very clear apprehension of the situation shown in a Leading Article in the Times of the 11th July.

The Reply.

Mr. A. Chamberlain replied:—His Majesty's Government are consulting with the other Governments concerned, with whom they intend to act in close collaboration, as to the reply to be returned to the request which the Chinese Government have made that the matters mentioned in the question should be considered. In the meantime I can make no statement on the subject beyond saying that any discussion of these large issues is impossible until the Chinese Government have taken steps to put an end to the present anti-foreign agitations and have shown their ability to enforce law and order and respect for the treaty rights of the Powers (Hear, hear).

That, gentlemen, was the answer given by the Foreign Secretary in the House of Commons on the 1st July. He took up a perfectly clear and definite and straightforward attitude. He said clearly that we would not have any negotiations whatsoever about any question of revision of treaties or giving up territorial concessions or extraterritorial privileges until the Chinese Government have taken steps to put an end to the present anti-foreign

agitation, and have shown their ability to enforce law and order and respect for the treaty rights of the Powers (Applause). I will now read a few extracts which are also very pertinent to the present position appearing on July 11th in the Times which seems to be extraordinarily well posted on the state of affairs as it exists here:

"The Communist Government is laying plans to expel British influence and British Trade from South China." And later on in the same Article the Times continues:

Government's Duty.

"This is a moment when British policy must take a clear and definite shape. If this policy is such that it commends itself to others and leads to effective common action, so much the better. But the responsibility for defending the great and now seriously threatened British interests in China lies first and foremost upon the British Government." And later on in the same Article the Times continues: "It is difficult to perceive at present with what Chinese Government or representative body such a conference (i.e. a Tariff conference) of the Powers could discuss anything seriously. The air must first be cleared of the challenge and wild disorder of the anti-British campaign. The fundamental fact must be faced that it is not China alone that is in question. The organizing force is the Soviet Government of Moscow."

I venture to say, gentlemen, that these are very remarkable expressions to have found in a leading article of the Times as long ago as July 11th.

In view of those promising expressions of opinion, in early July, as regards the preservation of Treaty rights and the protection of British interests, we can only share the suspicion, hinted at in the leader in to-day's South China Morning Post, that the China Association in London has been a very lukewarm advocate of Hongkong's special interests and its separate Canton problem.

Quotes S. C. M. Post.

Perhaps it would be as well if I just quote you a few words from the leader in this morning's Morning Post: "The big British commercial concerns represented here also have large interests at Shanghai and elsewhere, where it is hoped to achieve peace by negotiation. Naturally, they do not wish to imperil those interests by violent action to save that portion of their assets threatened in Hongkong. This Colony, we are being sharply reminded, is not China." Well, gentlemen, with regard to that I can only say that I hope that it is not true—although it looks as if it might be true—that the China Association in London, or the big interests in that Association, have adopted an attitude of wait and see until the whole of the China business can be cleared up. I think if they

do adopt that attitude, they adopt an attitude, which I venture to say, is grossly unjust to a number of interests here of business men, professional men and others, whose sole interests lie in this Colony and who are not concerned with affairs in North China at all. We, Sir, have the right to have our interests protected. The official Canton regulations expressly say that while they will allow some vessels other than British or Japanese to go to Canton that even those vessels are expressly to omit the port of Hongkong. If that is not a hostile act I do not know what is, and if that is not a breach of the treaties we have with China to keep Canton as an open port for the British to come and trade not only with Canton but with the interior of China, I do not know how else to describe it (Applause).

Canton's Labour Army.

The Canton Government is not satisfied with having a militarist Government with regular troops under arms, but apparently they propose to arm a labour corps of the Anti-Imperialist Union to watch any steamer coming into Canton and also departing. I think we have all heard about these labour pickets. I think we all realise that the Canton Government has done its best by arming this sort of guerrilla band of labour pickets to prevent workmen who left the Colony at the beginning of the strike from coming back and working in this Colony as crews on our British ships. If that is not a breach of treaty, and if that is not a hostile act I do not know how you would describe it. Similarly, they will not have any export of foodstuffs or raw materials from the inland districts, but that has not prevented them, as you know during the past few weeks, from sending shipments of silk direct to Shanghai. Their aim and object is to cut Hongkong as far as they can out of everything, in fact to tear up so far as we are concerned all the material provisions of the treaties of Nanking and Tientsin. That, gentlemen, is clear from a Canton Government notification which has come out in the last few days, and if British prestige and British honour is ever to be maintained at all, I cannot for the life of me imagine the British Government sitting down supinely under such insults as that (Applause).

Protest to Prime Minister.

Gentlemen, I am quite sure that the feeling in this Colony is growing that these things cannot be, and as you know it is the intention of our Chairman to call a public meeting in the Theatre on Tuesday next at 8.15 for the purpose of sending a strongly worded telegram to the Prime Minister, insisting, among other things, that the treaty rights of Great Britain shall be respected (Applause). That question of treaty rights is one upon which, I confess, I feel very strongly, because I think that is the pivot upon which the

(Continued on Page 7.)



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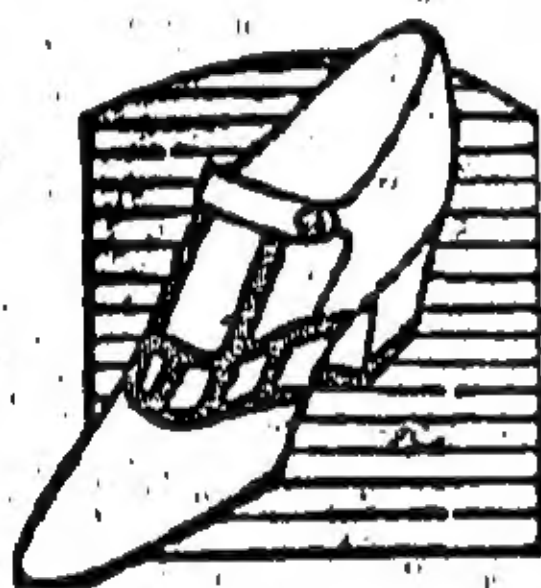
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The Telegraph.

FRIDAY, AUGUST 21, 1925.

THE ABSORBING
TOPIC.

We in Hongkong who think we have endured a fair amount of the stress and burden of the strike and who are now congratulating ourselves that the back of the labour trouble has been broken have, perhaps, been prone to forget the people in the outports like Shamen, Swatow, Amoy, etc. Theirs has been a harder lot than ours and we thank the *North China Daily News*, whose comment we printed yesterday, for reminding us and the folk of Shanghai of that fact. Even during the hot days of June and July, when household servants, office staffs, etc., were practically all out here, we did have the benefit of big commercial organisations like the Dairy Farm, Messrs. Lane Crawford's, etc., to fall back on for fresh supplies of daily food. And although there are still many households in the Colony who have no servants, and although many offices and businesses are being run on skeleton staffs involving extra work and strain on Europeans, our lot is not so hard but that we can cheerfully carry on. The small isolated communities in the outports, however, are in a much different plight, living as they do day by day under the shadow of grave uncertainty and in a more or less precarious state. The life on Shamen for the few left must be monotonous and deadening in the extreme, while at Amoy and Swatow, where there is so much open animosity shown by the leaders of the anti-British movement, there is a cloud of actual threat which must be extremely wearing. Well might the question be asked if the Home authorities really know of the conditions being suffered? Has it yet dawned upon them that here in South China, there is open hostility being directed by a band of Bolsheviks up at Canton; that the southern trouble will never be settled by parley and negotiation with Peking; and that Britishers who have a Treaty right to live peacefully in the Ports and trade without interference are being subjected to a cruel form of persecution and

economic starvation? It is indeed a serious matter calling for very serious action.

There is, undoubtedly, a growing realisation that something ought to be done and, if we read the trend of the times afloat, we think that the next few weeks will witness some practical effort to secure the removal of the gang of mis-fits up in Canton. Meanwhile, we would hearten those who are bravely sticking to their posts in the outports by the assurance that the Britishers of Hongkong are heart and soul with them in their fight against this attack on our welfare and prestige. Unfortunately, Hongkong has for the most part been but a witness of what is going on all around, but it has, now, at any rate if not before, a realisation that this destructive influence up at Canton has to be rooted out—by force if necessary.

Teachers' Responsibility.

The article from a Rangoon paper which we reproduced yesterday, on student agitation in different parts of the world, with particular reference to China, touched one aspect of the subject which has perhaps not received due consideration in previous discussions. This is the responsibility of the teacher, who has before him a large number of growing-up youths at an impressionable stage of their mental development, and can make or mould their whole character. This feature of teaching influence has been stressed in relation to mere moral outlook and general responsible mentality, but there is also the question of political thought and even the matter of revolutionary ideas, which have come largely into schools during recent years. The problem of proper regulation of teachers who thus impart sentiments opposed to the existing government of the State is not unknown in Europe and America, but it is especially a menace in the case of Asiatic countries where disloyal people of the country are able to exercise control. In some schools the curriculum, indeed, might be said to include anti-government propaganda. The responsibility of certain teachers and professors in schools and colleges in various parts of China is great, and in the trouble we are now witnessing it would be interesting to discover just how much is directly due to certain men who moulded the clay in their hands with no proper reckoning of the results of their work.

Polar Flights.

The news of the abandonment of his projected flight over the Polar Sea by Lt. Comdr. MacMillan will come as a disappointment to his supporters and to all who are interested in scientific exploration. Following as it does the definite failure of Amundsen some time ago, it suggests that such attempts are not feasible unless the weather conditions happen to be extremely favourable. This does not hold out any hope of the predicted opening-up of Polar regions by means of quick travelling in aircraft. Yet the idea has not been abandoned, and there are several other expeditions planned for the attempt to conquer the North Pole by air, including the use of a Zeppelin-type airship. Perhaps in the end it will be found that airships are the only craft likely to prove consistently successful in such flights, where long voyages without the necessity to land for refuelling are usually required. Nevertheless, in other directions the MacMillan expedition is likely to be of much importance, particularly in the gathering of wireless data. It

DAY BY DAY.

SO MANY WORLDS, SO MUCH TO DO, SO LITTLE DONE, SUCH THINGS TO BE.—*Tennyson.*

The rate of the dollar on demand to-day is 2s. 4 5/16d.

There was a clean bill of health in the Colony yesterday.

The rear wall of No. 5 Kung Yan Lane, West Point, partially collapsed this morning. No one was injured.

The silk forwarded from here by the s.s. "Empress of Russia" on the 23rd, July, arrived in New York (St. John's Park) on the 16th, August, having been 24 days in transit.

Messrs. Carroll Bros. are in receipt of a cable from Singapore advising that the price of Rubber is now \$1.20 per lb. Also, that the Tapah Rubber Co., Ltd. has declared a 10% Interim Dividend.

The drivers of two cars, which collided whilst going in opposite directions along the Stanley Road near Tytam Tuk Reservoir, are blaming each other for not obeying the rules of the road. The case has been reported to the Traffic Department.

H.E. Sir Edward Stubbs will, it is understood, be leaving Hongkong by the P. & O. s.s. Malwa, which is due to sail homewards on October 17. Mr. Cecil Clementi, the new Governor, is expected to arrive in the Colony about the end of October.

Suddenly leaving the footpath to run across the roadway, a little Chinese boy was seriously injured by being run over by a motor-car in Queen's Road West, near Eastern Street, yesterday. The car belongs to the Fung Hang firm of No. 76, Des Voeux Road, Central. The boy was taken to the Government Civil Hospital, where his condition is stated to be serious.

COMPANY ORDERS.

ARMOURER CAR COMPANY.

The following Orders for the Armourer Car Company, H.K. V.D.C., are issued by Lieut. R. L. Moncrieff, the Officer Commanding:

Parades will be held as follows:—
Gunners.—Monday, 24th. August, for N.C.O.s.
Drivers.—Monday, 24th. August, as detailed.
Mobile Column.—Wednesday, 26th. September, signalling, etc.
All ranks who have not already fired are reminded that Part 1 Musketry will be fired on Sunday 23rd. August at Peak Range at 9 a.m.

FRENCH NAVAL
COMMAND.NEW FAR EASTERN
COMMANDER.

Rear-Admiral Basire has been appointed Commander-in-Chief of the French Naval Forces in Far Eastern Waters, in succession to Vice-Admiral Frochot.

The Jules Michelet, which is the new Commander-in-Chief's flagship, is due to arrive in Hongkong about the end of the current month with the new Admiral. At about this time the Jules Ferry, with Vice Admiral Frochot on board is expected to put into Hongkong, from Shanghai and it is thus likely that the handing over of the command will take place here.

The Jules Michelet, which is a sister-ship of the Jules Ferry, will relieve the latter cruiser, which will then be leaving for Europe with Admiral Frochot.

PLAY AND PLAYERS.

SCHOOL FOOTBALL IN HONGKONG.

By "Wanderer."

"Rover" has replied to my commentary of Wednesday and adopted a similar tone to that running through his original letter. He is content, to a large degree, to make statements without giving any real reason for them. His is a wise plan. It leaves little scope for argument.

"Rover" however has tabulated his opinions and I propose to deal with them in that way.

No. 1.—I do assert that the bad sportsmanship in local school football was mainly due to the playing of the matches in competitive football. In games played since the disbanding of the league, there has been a noticeably improved spirit.—"Rover".

"Rover" is of course at perfect liberty to assert, but it does not help his point to state that there has been an improved spirit since the league was disbanded. He has missed the essential difference between league and friendly football. It can well be understood that boys are less inclined to dispute decisions when there is nothing at stake, but does not that the savour of evading an issue? Sportsmanship is not to be acquired by keeping the boys out of the paths of temptation. Which brings us to

No. 2.—Re incompetent control of games. I can only speak of hand for senior Schools League. In it, to the best of my knowledge, practically all games were controlled by outside referees—military men.—"Rover".

Here "Rover" makes the mistake of assuming that, in stating that the games were left to the control of incompetent officials, I was attempting to cast a slur at the refereeing of schoolmasters. I have met many good referees in the ranks of the teaching profession and I have met a considerable number of bad ones outside it. My point is that schools matches were left in the hands of officials whose decisions the boys often openly flouted. The question of who the referees were matters little. Furthermore there have been league games played with no referee.

No. 3.—"Wanderer" doubts the zeal of schoolmasters in working up a system of friendly matches. In the past season one senior school in the Colony played every school that it formerly played in the league and had five additional fixtures.—"Rover".

What I doubt is that the schoolmasters have the necessary zeal to go through with an attempt to raise local school football to the standard of British public School football.

No. 4.—In that "Wanderer" appears to have respect for British Public School football let him support the effort to have it out here, not throw cold water on it. It can be done.—"Rover".

In this connection I wonder whether there is not a fine distinction which can be drawn between throwing cold water and regarding a project as impracticable. No. 3 and No. 4 might well have been merged as my answer might well apply to both. Behind most public schools at Home is a wonderful tradition. That tradition inspires a youth to great deeds on the playing fields; the honour of his school comes before all else, and the average public school boy would as soon do anything unsportsmanlike as insult his master.

How long does "Rover" imagine it would take to imbue this spirit into the Hongkong schoolboy (the student striker) and does he consider it possible to raise local school football to such a high plane without this spirit being behind the scenes?

No. 5.—His explanation that friendly games at Home are due to geographical difficulties is ingenious but incorrect. School teams not infrequently travel thirty, forty, fifty miles to play other schools.—"Rover".

The second sentence is a perfect corroboration of my "explanation." I did not attempt to make any contention that public school elevens did not travel. But the schools are so far apart that the boys do not get the opportunity of playing as frequently as they might desire.

In conclusion "Rover" says—I feel sure that most Hongkong schoolmasters appreciate the kindly intentions of the Hongkong Football Association but, though it means more work for themselves, they prefer local school football to remain on the present lines.

I should hesitate to express the opinion that this is a "dog in the manger" policy, but the mention of "more work" does induce the speculation as to whether this has anything to do with the fact that the schools football league has not been resuscitated.

HONGKONG TRADE.

CHAMBER OF COMMERCE
REPORT.

The following, from the fortnightly Price Current and Market Report, of the Hongkong General Chamber of Commerce, reflects the present state of the import market:

Cotton Piece Goods and Fancy Cotton Goods.—Our market remains almost at a complete standstill, and beyond isolated clearances—strictly limited in both quantity and style—for Formosan, Straits and Siamese Ports, there is nothing doing. Latest Cotton quotations to hand are those dated Liverpool 13th instant, Mid. Am. "Spot" 13.12d Ex. Sakel 30.75d.

Cotton Yarn.—During the interval our market has ruled quiet. No business of any importance has taken place and prices closed on the easy side. Quotations are purely nominal:

No. 10s. \$190/208. No. 12s. \$195/210. No. 16s. \$225/235. No. 20s. \$220/225. Arrivals Nil. Shipments Nil. Sales Nil. Unsold stock 4,425 bales. Bargains 8,800 bales.

Woollens.—Market closed. Raw Cottons.—There is no change to report.

Metals.—Business remains at a complete standstill.

Flour Market Report.—Stock: about 300,000 sacks. Market: dull as exports limited. Quotations: American Patent \$4.80 per sack, American Straight \$3.85 per sack, American Cut off \$3.80 per sack, Shanghai Flour \$3.60 per sack, Australian Flour \$3.80 per sack, Canadian Flour \$3.60 per sack.

Window Glass.—No quotations available, on account of the existing conditions.

Sugar.—Market quiet.

Saltpetre.—Market at a complete standstill owing to the existing troubles.

CHRISTIAN
CONFERENCE.

A WORLD-WIDE AFFAIR.

Stockholm, August 20. Messages from King George, President Coolidge, and President Hindenburg, hoping its labours will promote world peace, were read at to-day's first working session of the Occumenical Christian Conference, on life and work, which the King declared open yesterday. Doctor Atkinson (United States) announced that besides six hundred delegates already present, representing all the Protestant orthodox communities except Russia, a further hundred were expected tomorrow.—*Reuter.*

PALESTINE LOAN.

ZIONIST CONGRESS
SUGGESTION.

Vienna, August 20. The Zionist Congress has passed a resolution in favour of a Palestine Establishment. Loan of ten million dollars, to be floated under the auspices of the League of Nations, and the establishment of industrial banks in Palestine.—*Reuter.*

LATE SHIPPING NEWS.

The Haiching will leave for Amoy and Foochow only, on the 24th, at 1 p.m. calling at Amoy for passengers only.

The Van Overstraten will sail on the 2nd, prox.

A gas made from charcoal by Swedish scientists now is being used successfully as a motor fuel.

CORRESPONDENCE.

(To the Editor, Hongkong Telegraph.)

Bearing the Cost.

Sir.—The Public meeting next Tuesday on the Hongkong and Canton situation will doubtless desire to send a long and detailed telegram to the Prime Minister. The question then arises, who is to pay for it? May I suggest that every member of the audience comes prepared to contribute a dollar towards the cost of the telegram and the hire of the theatre? Any balance could be handed over to the newly revived branch of the China Association.

—Yours, etc.,
PROLETARIAN.
Hongkong, Aug. 20th.

Tuesday's Indignation Meeting.

Sir.—There can only be and has only ever been one solution to the present crisis, and that is 'War' against the so-called Canton Authorities. There are too many people who are inclined to sit down and say we can't have War and we can't do this. There is no such word as can't in the dictionary, and some really determined effort to obtain British intervention is most necessary. It is the duty of every British citizen and everyone who has a stake in this Colony to attend Tuesday's Meeting. By doing so they will be assisting in the awakening of the Authorities at Home to the real seriousness of the situation here.

Might I suggest that someone be appointed at the Meeting to take the names of all young men who are willing to volunteer for active service? It might help the Government to realize the gravity of the situation if we could include in our telegram a message to the effect that every able-bodied young man at the meeting has volunteered to serve.—Yours etc.,

ANTI-PHILANDERER.
Hongkong, August 21st, 1925.

Why A Public Meeting?

Sir.—In sending you this letter for favour of publication, I hasten to assure you and your readers that it is a matter of sincere regret to myself that I feel compelled to resort to anonymity. In expressing my thoughts over a non-de-plume, I trust that my humble opinion will not, as a result, be brushed aside as unworthy of notice.

The recent events in China have not unnaturally stirred up a feeling of deep disappointment and concern among foreigners in general and Britishers in particular. The action of the extremist agitators has undeniably seriously affected trade, and it was not surprising that a public meeting should have been called some short time ago at which an opportunity was given of registering protest and indignation. This expression of the British community's feeling was duly forwarded to official quarters in London, and it is to be presumed that it had the effect of emphasizing the apprehension which exists in Hongkong and the treaty ports to-day.

While thoroughly agreeing with the action then taken, I do feel, Sir, that a further public meeting is both unnecessary and unwise. Without doubt, the Hon. Mr. Holyoak and the other promoters are actuated by praiseworthy motives, but does it not seem rather uncomplimentary to both the Hongkong Government and Sir James Jamieson that the community here should continue to hold mass meetings at which a certain amount of hot air and possibly tactless utterances will be released? Surely, if the situation is carefully weighed up, it will be generally recognized that the Home Government is not unaware of the challenge which has been thrown out to British interests out here. Effective counter measures must, and I feel convinced, will, be taken. But I cannot believe that any good purpose will be served by the community showing a lack of trust in those whose duty it is to maintain British prestige and rights. And in my opinion, a series of public meetings and resolutions is tantamount to a lack of trust. It should be remembered that Bolshevism and disorder have appeared in various parts of the British Empire within recent years, and it cannot be said that the British Government has needed appearing on by resolutions passed at public meetings of the communities concerned. To us out here, action may appear to be slow,

RUSSIAN LIES.

LOATHSOME ANTI-BRITISH FILM.

Moscow is exploiting the cinema in its insidious campaign against Britain and British prestige. Advertisements in the Moscow papers announce that the Goskino, the Soviet Kinematograph Trust, has completed, after a month's hard work, a 16,000-ft. film entitled "The Yellow Race." It depicts the life of the Chinese factory workers, and the villain is an Englishman, who is represented as the superintendent of a factory in which a number of young Chinese girls are employed. The film could not be shown in Europe because of its indecencies. The hero is a young Chinese Communist student, who is guided and advised by his friend, a Russian agitator of the Third International. The end of the picture shows the Englishman boarding a steamer to leave China and the happy factory under the management of a Chinese Soviet. The Moscow board of censorship has passed the picture as having untold agitation value, and the management of the Goskino has been congratulated and ordered to make a hundred copies for distribution in Russia and China.—China Express.

CZECHO-SLOVAKIAN FINANCE.

Capital Levy Reduces Note Circulation.

On the break-up of the Austro-Hungarian Empire the functions of a national bank in Czechoslovakia were entrusted to a banking office of the Ministry of Finance.

The monetary problems with which the country was faced in its legacy of Austro-Hungarian bank notes demanded measures of so drastic and vital a character that it was deemed undesirable to leave them to the initiation of a national joint stock bank. Old notes in circulation had to be stamped to distinguish them from the Austrian notes which were then depreciating rapidly.

It was found necessary to apply a capital levy, which by January 31 last had yielded 4,128,400 Czechoslovak crowns and has been used for the most part in the reduction of the fiduciary note circulation.

As early as 1920 the National Assembly passed a law to convert the banking office of the Ministry of Finance into a national joint stock bank. A return to stable conditions was laid down as the prerequisite to such a step. This condition appears now to have been satisfied, the Government has made a declaration before Parliament in which it was stated:

"The Government does not hesitate to declare that, in accordance with the law of April 14 1920, a national joint stock bank will be established without any delay on the following lines:

(1) The Czechoslovak crown, which is stabilized at the level arrived at by the development of the last two years, will remain until further notice Czechoslovakia's legal tender. (2) The National Bank will assume the duty of insuring the stabilization of the crown at this level.

The declaration goes on to state that the new bank will become a law in and in fact independent of all Government influence. As soon as political and economic conditions in Europe are stabilized a return will be made to an effective gold standard at which the paper crown has been stabilized since the end of 1922.

Mr. Howard Carter, one of the discoverers of King Tut's tomb, plans to unwrap the mummy of the king next October.

Enclosing my card,
Yours, etc.,
THINKER.
Hongkong, August 21st, 1925.

GREAT BRITAIN AND JAPAN.

A Historic Friendship.

The Duke of York spoke of the friendship between Great Britain and Japan and the importance of the alliance in maintaining the peace of the Far East at a farewell banquet given by the Japanese Society to their president, Baron Hayashi, the Japanese Ambassador, at the Hyde Park Hotel. Supporting the President were Prince and Princess Asaka, the French and Danish Ambassadors, and the Lord Mayor of London and the Lady Mayoress. The British Government was represented by several Ministers, and there was a large gathering of the Japanese community in London and of English traders with Japan. The Duke of York expressed his regret that he had never had an opportunity of going to Baron Hayashi's beautiful country.

Prince Arthur of Connaught (he said) has visited Japan three times, and at this banquet last year he was able to dwell upon the unaffected friendliness extended to him by all classes of the Japanese people. Two years ago my brother the Prince of Wales, also spoke at this banquet in praise and admiration of his Japanese hosts and their wonderful land. The Duchess and I feel, therefore, that our knowledge remains incomplete until we also have been to Japan.

His Royal Highness went on to remind his hearers that Prince Chichibu, the Emperor's second son, would soon arrive in England; and he himself wished to emphasize the compliment paid to us by the Imperial Family and the Japanese people in entrusting this Prince to our care. This was the first time that a son of a living Emperor had undertaken a prolonged residence abroad, and the choice of our country was a great honour to all British people and a striking proof of the historic and continued friendship between Japan and Britain.

UNDER HINDENBURG.

NEW HYMN: "LORD MAKE US FREE."

The political education of German youth is proceeding apace amid great rivalry, states the London Morning Post's correspondent in Berlin. On the one hand, there are the Nationalist societies, which are training their young men to be their country's "liberators," and so to prepare the way for the restoration of Monarchy, and, on the other hand, the Democrat section of the nation, which is training its young men to be upholders of the Republic. The Communists have also their own young men associations, the members of which are being trained to propagate Communist ideas. All three groups are equally enthusiastic.

A huge demonstration was held recently by 35,000 members of the Order of Young Germans at the foot of the great monument erected at Leipzig to commemorate the battle fought there in 1813. Its feature was the singing of a hymn of which each verse ends with the words "Lord make us free". Up- roarious applause greeted the statements of the Grand Master that the Order of Young Germans will never rest until peace and freedom have been regained.

The greatest of the German Nationalist organizations, the "Stahlhelm," has just published a report of its activities and aims. It was founded in December, 1918, by a number of soldiers who served at the front, their purpose being to combat the Communist terror and to restore order. The successes gained led to the establishment of groups in all parts of Germany, and each group has since grown and is subdivided. Members must belong to a party which is "national" and must all be Christians. Before "freedom" can be obtained, say its leaders, Germany must be rid of braggarts, corruption, and belief in the International. The organization has a membership of two millions and is growing daily. The leaders are officers who gained experience at the front, maintain that they are not working for a new war, as they know too well what war is, and claim that they saved the nation from Bolshevism in the spring of 1919.

An anti-luxury society has been formed in Tokyo by students. It hopes to induce the wealthy people of Japan to discontinue habits of luxury.

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MORE REPAIRS.

Fabric of Houses of Parliament.

It will be necessary for the Government at some early date to submit to Parliament a large estimate for the repair of the fabric of the Palace of Westminster, and in order that members shall know the exact condition of the building a non-party Committee has been set up to investigate the present position at first hand. Led by Sir Frank Baines, the Director of Works at the Office of Works, who is responsible for the Houses of Parliament, 14 intrepid members of the committee, nine Conservatives, three Labour, and two Liberals, climbed to the roof of the building and made an examination of the stone work.

The difficulty is that fissures are constantly forming at unexpected points. By a process of handpicking the loose stone has so far been removed successfully without accident to members or passers-by. In the past 3½ years no less than 35 tons of stone have been removed by handpicking. There is no suggestion that the building is in any danger. The main structure is perfectly sound, the fissures having appeared for the most part in the ornamental work.

In Chicago during the last five months 16,993 horse-drawn vehicles were given licenses. During the same period more than 250,000 auto licenses were issued.

IMPRESSIONABLE AGE.

Care of the Young.

Many speakers, including Dr. Maria Montessori, gave their views on child psychology to a conference in Piccadilly in connection with National Baby Week. Dr. J. A. Hadfield of King's College, talked of the intimate relationship between will and temperament. He said that a child obtained its energies about the age of two years.

The self-willed child, if properly treated, made the strong-willed man: self-willed impulses in the child should not be crushed, every impulse must be given an outlet. At the age of three years a child began to learn self-discipline and self-mastery. It was too often assumed that self-mastery came with external discipline, but the elements of self-mastery were inherent in the child's mind. The true character did not develop until the child had a will of its own.

When 2½ to three years old, a child passed through the stage of suggestibility and at the age of four passed to the age of independence. A mother should spend the whole of her time with her child until it was five years of age.

Some sea voyagers now knit with green yarn while on board ship to prevent sea sickness. Knitting is said to rest nerves and green rests the eyes, says an exchange. The yarn might impress the green ones.

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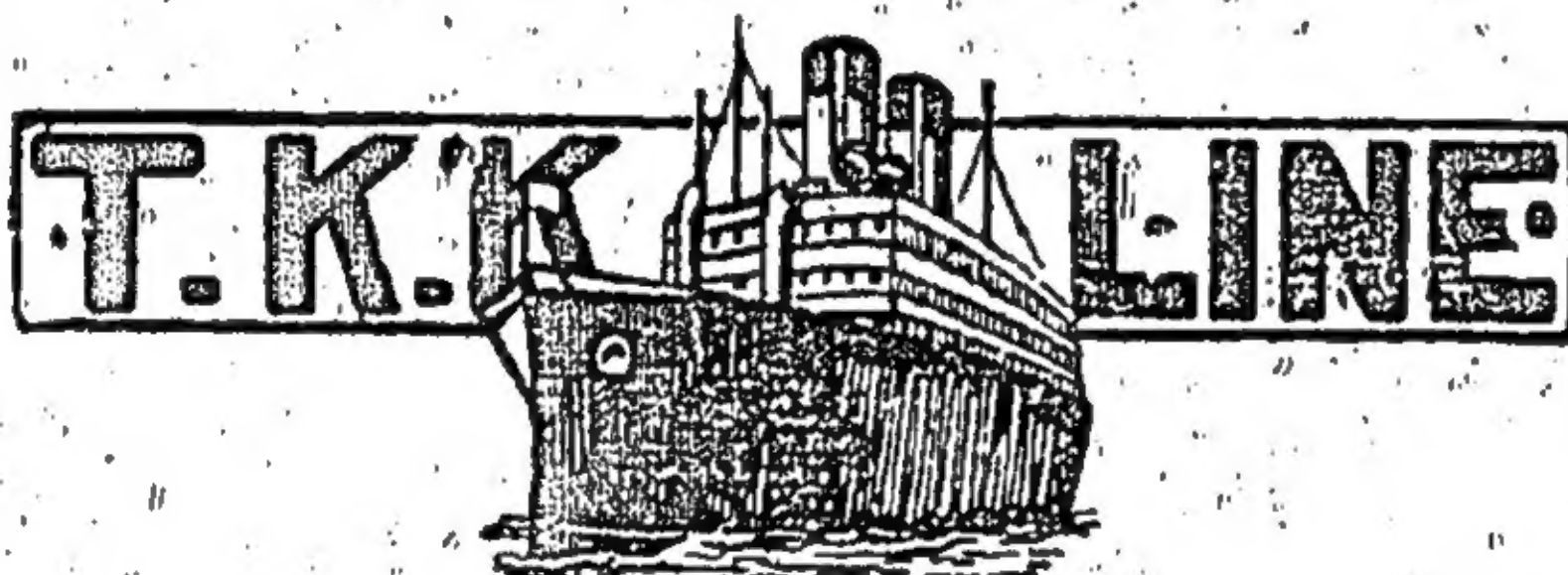
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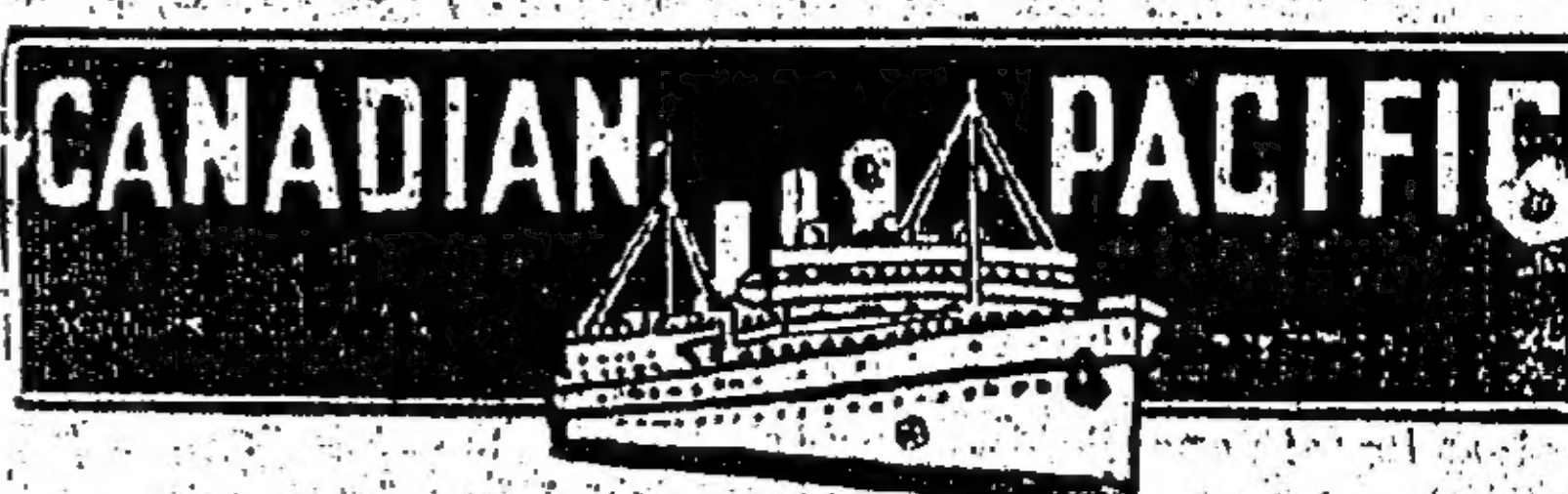
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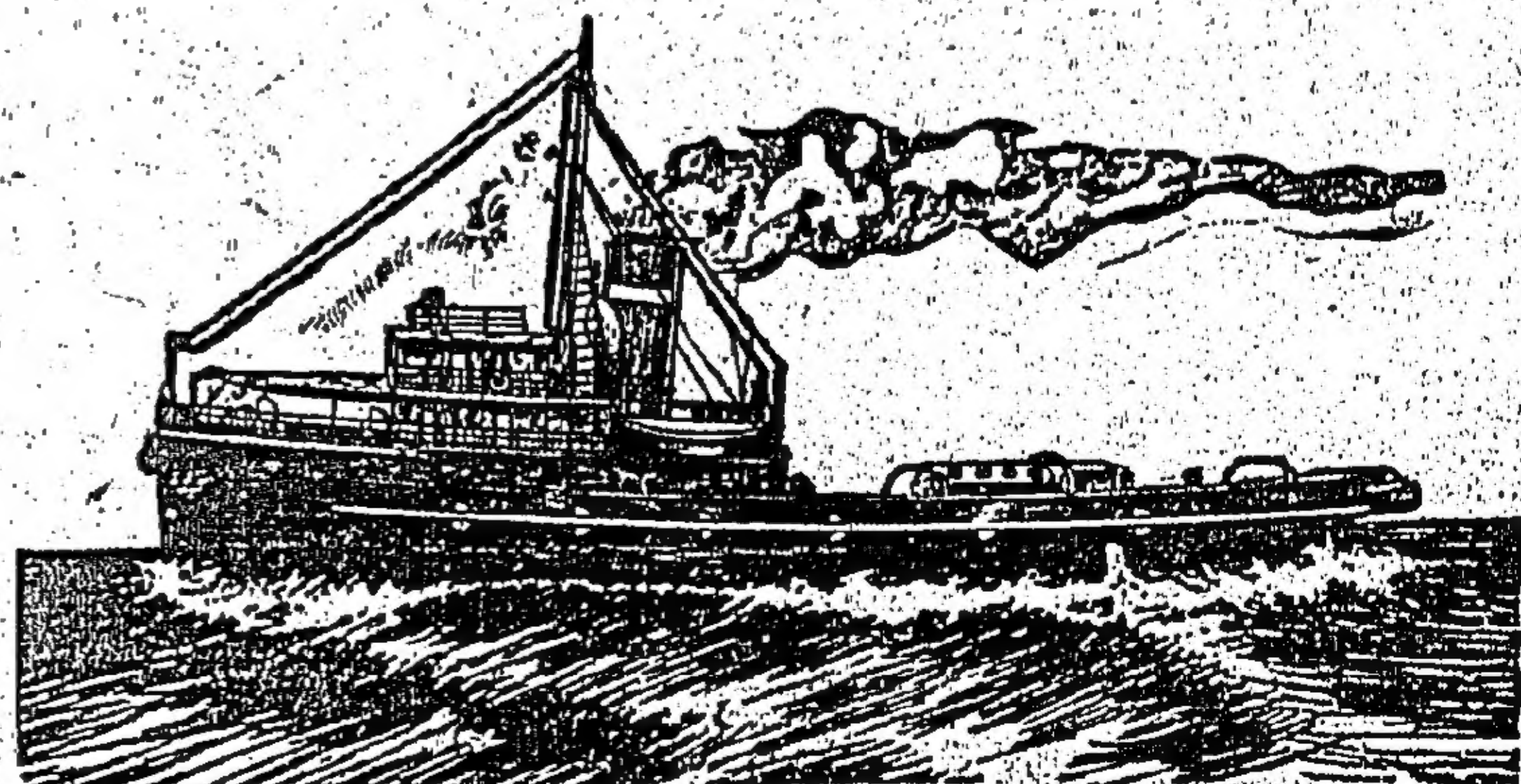
Destination.	Steamer.	Sailings.
HONGKONG	Mingsang Sat.	22nd Aug. at 7 a.m.
N'WANG via Wei-hai-wei	Leesang Sun	23rd Aug. at 7 a.m.
SANDAKAN	Hinsang Tues.	25th Aug. at noon.
STRAITS & Calcutta	Namsang Thurs.	27th Aug. at 3 p.m.
YOKOHAMA via Kobe	Horang Wed.	2nd Sept. at noon.
STRAITS & Calcutta	Fooksang Wed.	2nd Sept. at 3 p.m.
STRAITS & Calcutta	Kutsang Tues.	8th Sept. at 3 p.m.
KOBE via S'hai & Moji	Lalsang Fri	11th Sept. at 7 a.m.

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TARIFF CONFERENCE.

JAPANESE WATCHFUL ATTITUDE.

Tokyo, August 20.—The Chinese Minister this morning formally presented the Foreign Office with an invitation to the Tariff Conference. Before taking definite action Japan intends exchanging views with the interested Powers and it is therefore believed that ten days will be necessary before the despatch of an identical or joint reply to Peking. The Foreign Office states that the Powers virtually agree that tariff autonomy for China is not to be granted at present, the conference must first consider the Washington agreement agenda and afterwards decide as regards discussion any reasonable proposals by China. It emphasises Japan's perfect sympathy with Chinese desires and is fully prepared to discuss any reasonable matter of settling the prescribed agenda. The Japanese delegates, except Mr. Yoshizawa, are not yet appointed.—Reuter.



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CHINA ASSOCIATION.

(Continued from Page 2.)

whole situation turns. If we do not protect our treaty rights in Canton and in the coast ports of Swatow, Amoy and Foochow, we are practically giving up the whole of British interests and British trade in South China, and I think, gentlemen, that the people of this Colony are fully resolved and determined that that shall not be. (Applause.)

It is a well-known fact that British subjects of all races have acquired important interests in this Colony as well as foreigners of other races, upon the faith of the treaty rights expressly granted by China to Great Britain, and these people have a right to see that these treaty rights are maintained. Here in Hongkong we are a long way from Home, but we still claim to be part of the British Empire and to have the protection of the British flag (Applause), and I trust that the Canton Government has come out into the open with the official regulation showing a declared and determined hostility against this Colony, that the people at Home will be able to feel at all events a portion of what we feel in this Colony, and that they will intervene for our protection.

New Association Suggested.

I said at the beginning of my speech that I thought it was not advisable to form a branch of the China Association here. My reason for that is that I feel that for some reason or other we cannot tell—at least we have not been told and I think we have a right to be told—the China Association has not worked satisfactorily, and I think if we started a branch here now we might in some measure, look as if we were proposing a vote of confidence in that Association, whereas if I were to move any kind of vote at all, I should move a vote of no confidence (Hear hear). What we really want is not a branch of the China Association but some definite body in London in communication with the Foreign Office which will look after and preserve the rights of Hongkong and South China. We want an Association in London that represent our views in London and our views alone, for, as the Chairman has reminded us this afternoon, this Hongkong problem is an entirely separate and distinct problem and it must be dealt with and treated as such. Dealing with it in any other way is absolutely and entirely unjust to all business men, professional men and others whose interests are centred solely in Hongkong. Such a view also is opposed to the protection of the rights which the treaty ports at Swatow, Amoy and Foochow have a right to expect. I am quite sure you must all have felt as Britons absolutely ashamed when Mr. Macdonald in a very quiet and a very impressive way told us at the meeting last Monday of the indignities British subjects were suffering in that port, and I am afraid very much the same is happening in the ports of Amoy and Foochow, which, as you know, are also treaty ports.

Unsatisfactory Results.

Therefore, I think we are taking a wrong move in forming a branch of the China Association in this Colony. I do not think the China Association judging by results—and after all we must judge by results—has been at all a success in this matter. It may be there are wide interests up North which will have ultimately to be negotiated for, but I should like those people who want the whole thing worked from the North just to consider whether it is not true—and I think it is absolutely true—that Canton is being used by the Bolsheviks as a spear-head against Britain and against this British Colony, and that if we do not stand firm here in the South, the Government will swing and spread up North, and those who are not willing to support us here may, at a not distant date, be extremely sorry for their inaction and dallying and supineness.

The Association we want is one I mentioned just now, an Association of our own in London to protect the interests of Hongkong and South China. Those are the interests that affect us down here and those are the interests that must be protected and that right speedily. Therefore, Sir, whilst very much admiring your public spirit in having worked so hard for us since the commencement of the strike in calling these meetings, I do venture to suggest that it is a mistake for us to show that we are satisfied—I certainly am not—with what the China Association has done for us in London by forming ourselves into a branch of that Association.

Tearing Up Treaties.

If this were a business matter and I had appointed agents in London, who had done so little for me as what the China Association has done for this Colony, I confess I should be strongly tempted to give those agents the sack (Applause). I feel, Sir, we are doing quite right in calling a public meeting and appealing to the fountain head of the Government, the Prime Minister direct, and I trust in that course we shall have the support of the Chinese community of this Colony who are as vitally if not more vitally concerned in the trade of this Colony than we are (Applause). I felt absolutely indignant when we were told that the earnest requests of this Colony were turned down, and when we were further told we could not possibly be told the reasons for it, and especially as we all feel in this room that something must be done, and done quickly, and decisively, to end the present situation in Canton and put some Chinese authorities in power there who, instead of tearing up our treaties to bits will faithfully observe and perform them. (Applause.)

Association Defended.

The Chairman: I am sorry I find myself in disagreement with my friend with whom on most occasions I work in the most complete harmony and have done for a great number of years past. I can appreciate the feelings which have led him to move this resolution, but I am inclined to think that he has unduly blamed the China Association for the fact that nothing has so far been done and apparently not very much attention paid to the representations made by this Colony. I have not the slightest doubt, indeed I know it is a fact, that the representations made through the Chamber of Commerce to the China Association have been faithfully and zealously passed on to the Foreign Office, and it certainly did look as if we were making progress at one time. The fact that the progress was not made that we hoped for, I do not think can be laid wholly at the door of the China Association. I still think it is the only body that has the ear of the Foreign Office. As far as telegrams from Hongkong go, you can keep wiring until you are black and blue in the face, and if you send them to the Colonial Office they may be passed on to the Foreign Office but carry little or no weight. Even some of the Government telegrams appear to be completely ignored, and this much I can testify to without any breach of confidence, although perhaps I have not the authority to say it, that no man in this Colony has worked harder to carry out the wishes of the Colony as they have been most definitely and clearly expressed again and again, than the Governor of this Colony (Applause).

The Chairman then invited someone to second his resolution.

Hon. Mr. H. W. Bird: Might I ask Sir Henry Pollock who he suggests would form this Association in London, because it is absolutely useless to have an Association of men who have left the Colony because they do not appreciate the facts and understand the local conditions.

No War With China.

Sir Henry Pollock: That seems to be rather the position of the China Association in London, Mr. Bird (Laughter). I may say it is quite unnecessary to go to war with China. We have in Canton purely a separatist Government which does not claim the smallest allegiance to Peking, which claims in fact, rather grandiloquently, to be the National Government of China. It is a Government by itself. It was just the same when the bombardment of Alexandria was ordered under that extraordinary pacifist statesman, Mr. Gladstone. Nobody would say we were at war with Egypt. Mr. Gladstone invented a very convenient phrase, that it was merely "a hostile operation." We have had of plenty of proof of hostile operations against this Colony by the Canton Government and we think it is about time the return match is played (Applause).

Mr. R. Hancock seconded the Chairman's resolution that a branch of the China Association be formed in Hongkong. He thought Sir Henry Pollock had made a very fine fighting speech in favour of forming an Association in Hongkong. If the Association at Home had been lukewarm, they might be able to do something to buck it up. He thought the majority of people present were in favour of re-forming the Association (Applause).

DR. HOWARD IN BANDIT CAMP.

NEGOTIATIONS FOR HIS RELEASE.

Peking, August 20.—Sokolnik reports that Mr. Howard has been definitely located in a bandit camp forty miles up the river from Fuchowshien. A Chinese captive released from the same camp three days ago states that Dr. Howard is in good health and well treated. Troops surround the camp and it is believed that it is impossible for the bandits to escape. Negotiation is carried on under difficulties due to the anxiety of avoiding danger to Dr. Howard and will probably cause some delay in effecting his release.—Reuter.

Keep Home Folks Informed.

Mr. C. G. Albaster, K.C., supported the resolution. He was for two years and upwards the Secretary of the China Association in London, which was an Association of people who had been in China and were kept in touch with events in China by means of weekly letters from the Secretaries of branches. The Hongkong branch had been dead practically throughout the revolutionary movement in China, and there never had been a Canton, Foochow or Amoy branch, therefore in so far as South China questions were concerned, the want of knowledge on the part of the China Association was due to the absence of a branch in Hongkong. It was quite true, he thought they formed one. Mr. Albaster pointed out that the Secretary would be required to write a weekly letter Home and those letters should have pinned on to them each week copies of the Canton Gazette. The China Association would not require any further information of what was happening in South China.

Mr. L. M. Whyte: Wouldn't it be possible to have some Hongkong representatives on the Board at Home?

Mr. Albaster pointed out that both Sir Newton Stubb and Mr. and Mrs. David Landale were on the Board.

Rapid Changes in China.

The Chairman remarked that there were members on the present Committee who had resided in Hongkong. The real difficulty was that conditions had changed with such startling rapidity, especially in the South. No one who had been away from the Colony for months could possibly visualise the conditions in Canton to-day, and therefore it was possible that their telegrams were discounted as exaggerated accounts.

Mr. W. S. Bailey did not think the meeting was sufficiently well informed to vote with confidence on the resolution. On the one hand they were recommended to form an Association and on the other they were told that the Association in London should get the sack. No proofs had been given as to the truth of either of these statements.

Mr. G. K. Hall Brutton urged that Hongkong stood on an entirely different footing to the North. They had been told over and over again that the Canton Government was not recognised by the Central Government in Peking. If that was so, any dealing with the Central Government could do them no good, because whatever the Central Government decreed they could not enforce. The Central Government had not the soldiers, the money or the power to enforce their decrees on the Canton Government.

The resolution was then put to the meeting and was carried by a large majority.

The Officials.

The meeting then proceeded to the election of officials of the branch, and the following were unanimously chosen:

President: Mr. D. G. M. Bernard.
Vice-President: Hon. Mr. P. H. Holyoak.
General Committee: Messrs. G. M. Young, A. O. Lang, A. H. Barlow, W. H. Bell, P. Lauder, A. H. Ferguson, C. G. Albaster and T. G. Well.

Secretary: Mr. M. F. Key, of the Hongkong General Chamber of Commerce.

Treasurers: Messrs. Lowe, Bing Ham and Matthews.

It was decided that the subscription should be \$10 per year. Before concluding the meeting, the Chairman announced that he had received letters of regret at being unable to attend the meeting from Mr. Bernard and Mr. Barlow, both of whom were attending a meeting of the Stock Exchange Commission.

EARLIER TELEGRAMS.

ALL-INDIAN LEGISLATURE.

AUTUMN SESSION OPENED BY VICEROY.

Simla, August 20.
In the presence of a record crowd of visitors and a full house, the Viceroy opened the autumn session of the All Indian legislature with an important speech in which he emphasised Lord Birkenhead's statement in the House of Lords on July 7, and indicated emphatically his adherence to the policy embodied in the Reforms Act. The leaders of the political parties in Britain, while sympathetic towards India were determined not to yield to pressure and not to make premature concessions.

India, he said could advance to her ultimate goal only through friendly cooperation. The time for the revision of the constitution had not arrived. The time was now opportune for working the machinery of reforms, the defects whereof could be removed by the adoption of recommendations of the committee headed by Sir Alexander Muddiman.

The Viceroy announced the appointment of a currency committee under the chairmanship of Mr. Hilton Young and concluded appealing to the goodwill and cooperation of the Legislature which was the only path to the promised land. The speech was frequently applauded and visibly effective.—Reuter.

HOSPITAL ARRANGEMENTS CRITICISED.

DELAY OF POST MORTEM EXAMINATIONS.

A suggestion that better arrangements should be made in the despatch of bodies from the Tung Wah Hospital to the Government Mortuary, was made by the jury enquiring into the death of a Chinese, named Man Tak (34), who died from beri beri but whose body was in an advanced state of decomposition, thus making a post mortem examination impossible. The body, which was taken to the Tung Wah Hospital on the afternoon of the 1st inst., was not seen by the medical officer at the Mortuary till nine o'clock on the morning of the 3rd inst.

Dr. R. Craig, who examined the body at the Public Mortuary, stated that there were no signs of external injuries or violence; neither were there any signs of the cause of death. Particulars of the deceased were given by the Tung Wah Hospital authorities, but witness could not say definitely when the body was sent to the mortuary. He presumed it had been received at 5 p.m. the previous day. Post mortem examinations were made daily at 9 a.m. and invariably lasted for an hour and a half.

Dr. C. S. Chiu, of the Tung Wah Hospital, said that the dead body of the deceased was sent to the hospital at about 6 p.m. on August 1. It had been taken in by the hospital coolies. It was not till 4 p.m. the following day that the body was examined and half an hour later was sent to the Government Mortuary. No details had been furnished as to the cause of death and witness could not find any signs of injury or foul play.

Daily Examination.

Witness went on to say that all bodies received at the hospital were examined daily at 4 p.m. and those received after that hour were not seen till the next day.

Dr. G. H. Thomas, Medical Officer in charge of the Tung Wah Hospital, said that formerly all bodies were examined at 8.30 a.m. in the morning, but this system had been altered over a year ago, in consequence of complaints being received from the Government Mortuary, that bodies arrived too late for post mortem examination.

In answer to the Coroner, witness said that in hot weather the present arrangements could not be considered to be satisfactory. There was no reason, in his opinion, why post mortem examinations could not be held at the Tung Wah Hospital except that there were no facilities and inadequate accommodation at present.

Answering the jury Dr. Thomas said that bodies decomposed about 30 hours after death, but in certain cases decomposition was more rapid.

The Coroner informed the jury that a coolie who had ordered the hospital coolies to remove the body of the deceased had mysteriously disappeared and the Sergeant who had taken a statement from him would be called.

Sergeant T. O'Connor, said that he took a statement from the deceased's brother, Man Sul, on the afternoon of the 8th inst., in which he stated that his brother had been employed at the Kwong Yuen Sin contractor's mated at Tai O Wan for some two months, during which period he suffered from beri

CANTON AND HONGKONG.

United Action Foreshadowed.

London, August 20.
A lively appreciation of the seriousness of the situation in China, following the shipping order is reflected by the diplomatic correspondents of the newspapers. The Daily Telegraph discusses the possibility of a swift and concrete agreement between London and Tokio on the one hand and London and Washington on the other, but should the last named be unprepared to cooperate to uphold treaty rights against piracy, then the two aggrieved Powers themselves should take the necessary measures to ensure the freedom of shipping to and from Canton and other ports against the edict declaring it unlawful for the "Government."

The Daily News sees a suggestion of Moscow in the impudence, even in the wording of the order. It thinks the first step necessary is to secure Peking's repudiation and then to isolate Canton. In the meantime it upholds the wisdom of abstaining from action pending consultation with the allies.

The Daily Mail learns that Mr. Chamberlain immediately initiated consultations with other powers. He is also in continuous touch with Mr. Baldwin who is spending a holiday at Aix Les Bains, as the full authority of the Government would be needed should strong retaliatory measures ultimately be decided upon.—Reuter.

Canton or Peking?

London, August 19.—The British Government is still considering the shipping regulations issued by the Canton Government, with special reference to the position created in international law. It is understood that Mr. Chamberlain has returned to London and is personally attending to the situation which is complicated by the fact that the Canton Government lately declared its independence from the Peking Government, which therefore cannot really be held accountable for the Canton Government's action.—Reuter.

SHANGHAI SHIPPING STRIKE.

JAPANESE FIND A WAY OUT.

Shanghai, August 20.—The Chinese Chamber of Commerce and the Japanese shippers reached an agreement to-day whereby the Chinese seamen return to work on Japanese ships. The agreement is practically the same as the cotton mill settlement. The strikers receive no increase or pay for the strike period, but certain concessions are promised in view of hardships suffered.—Reuter.

beri, which caused his death, at 3 p.m. on the 1st inst.

The Coroner, summing up, said, that it seemed to him that the deceased died from beri beri and it seemed that the jury should, as they had in their right, advise some alteration in the system of sending bodies to the Mortuary.

The jury returned a verdict of death by beri beri and added a rider to the effect that they considered that some better arrangements than those at present existing should be made for sending the bodies from the Tung Wah Hospital to the Public Mortuary.



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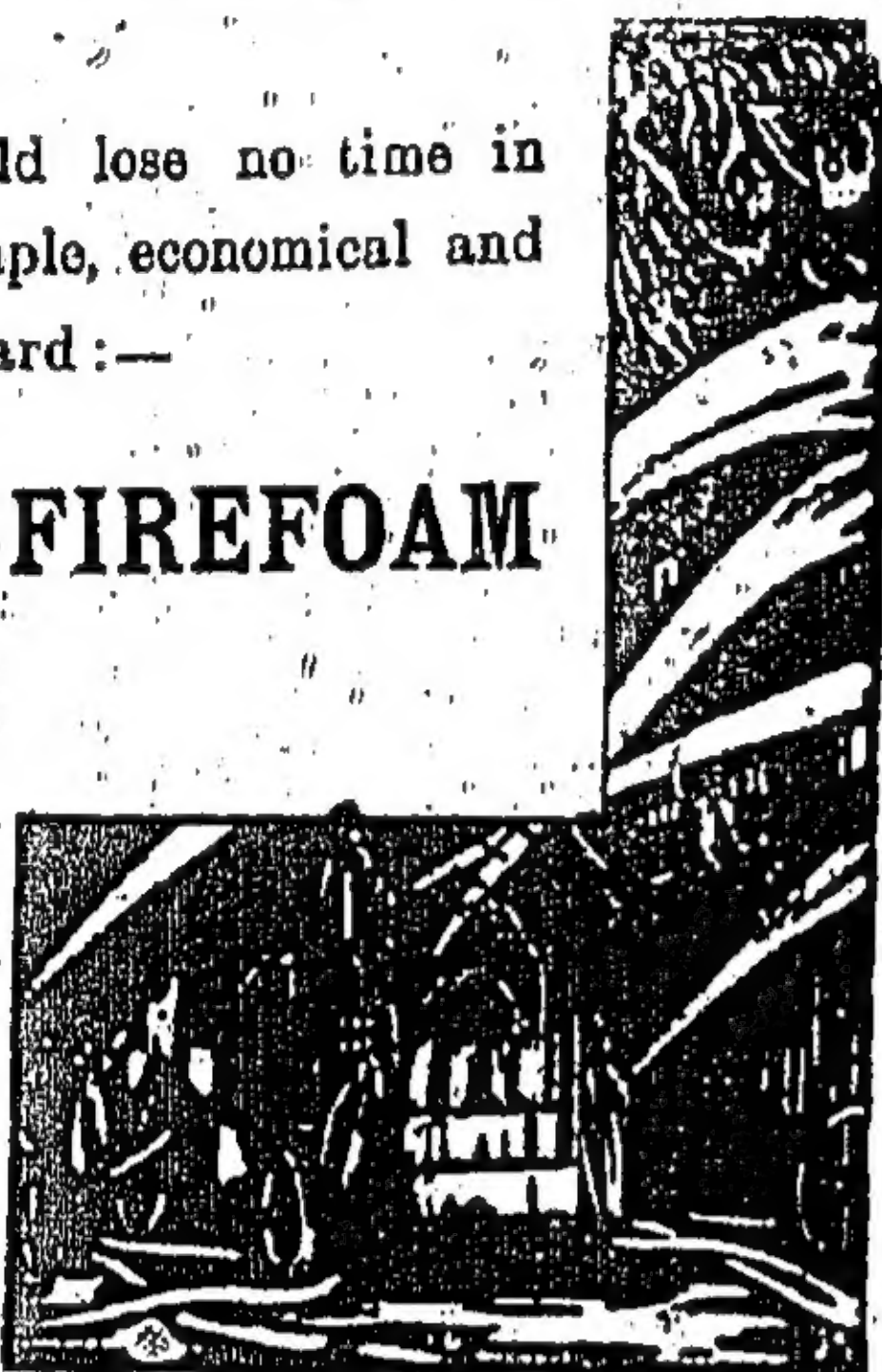
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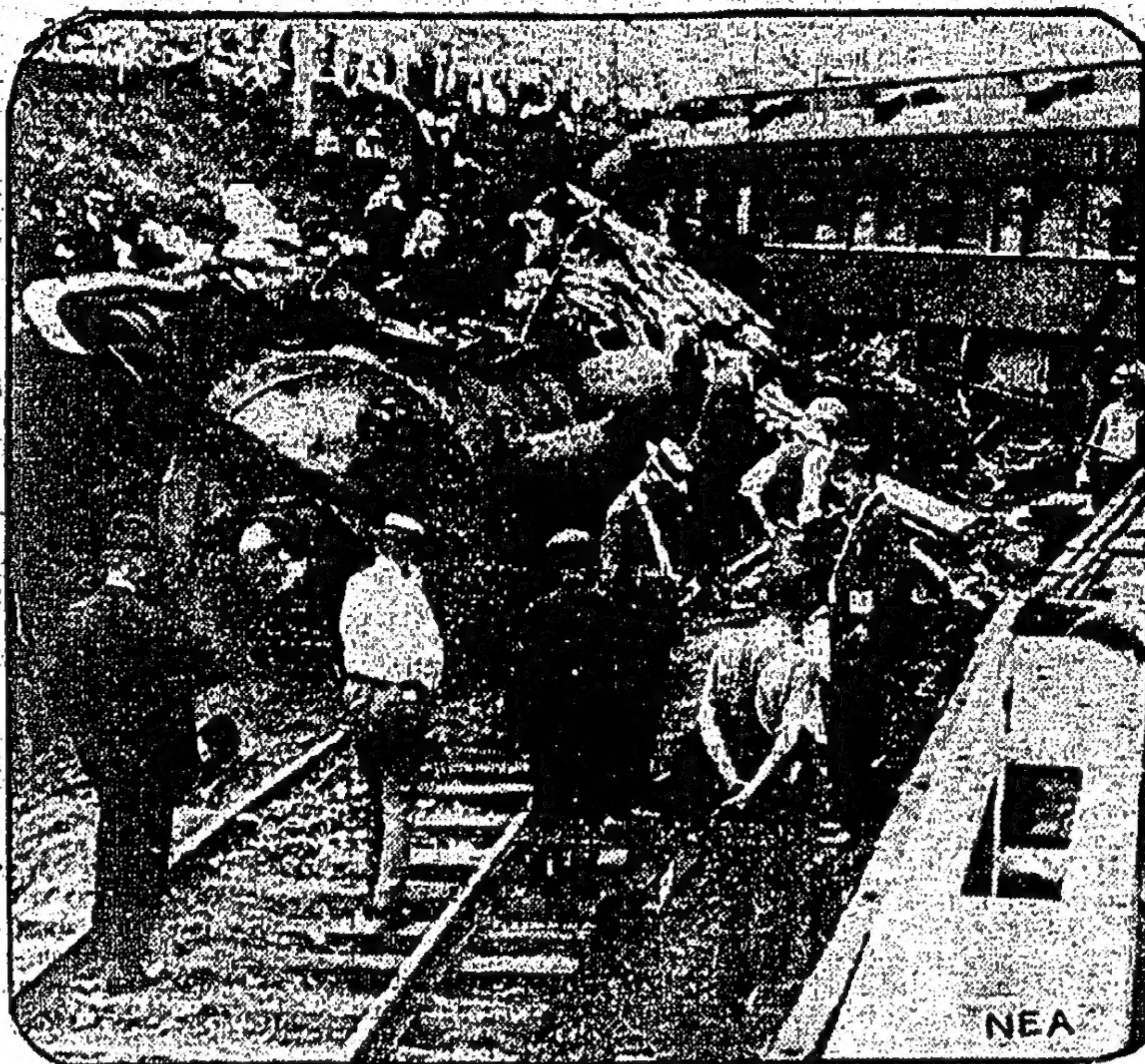
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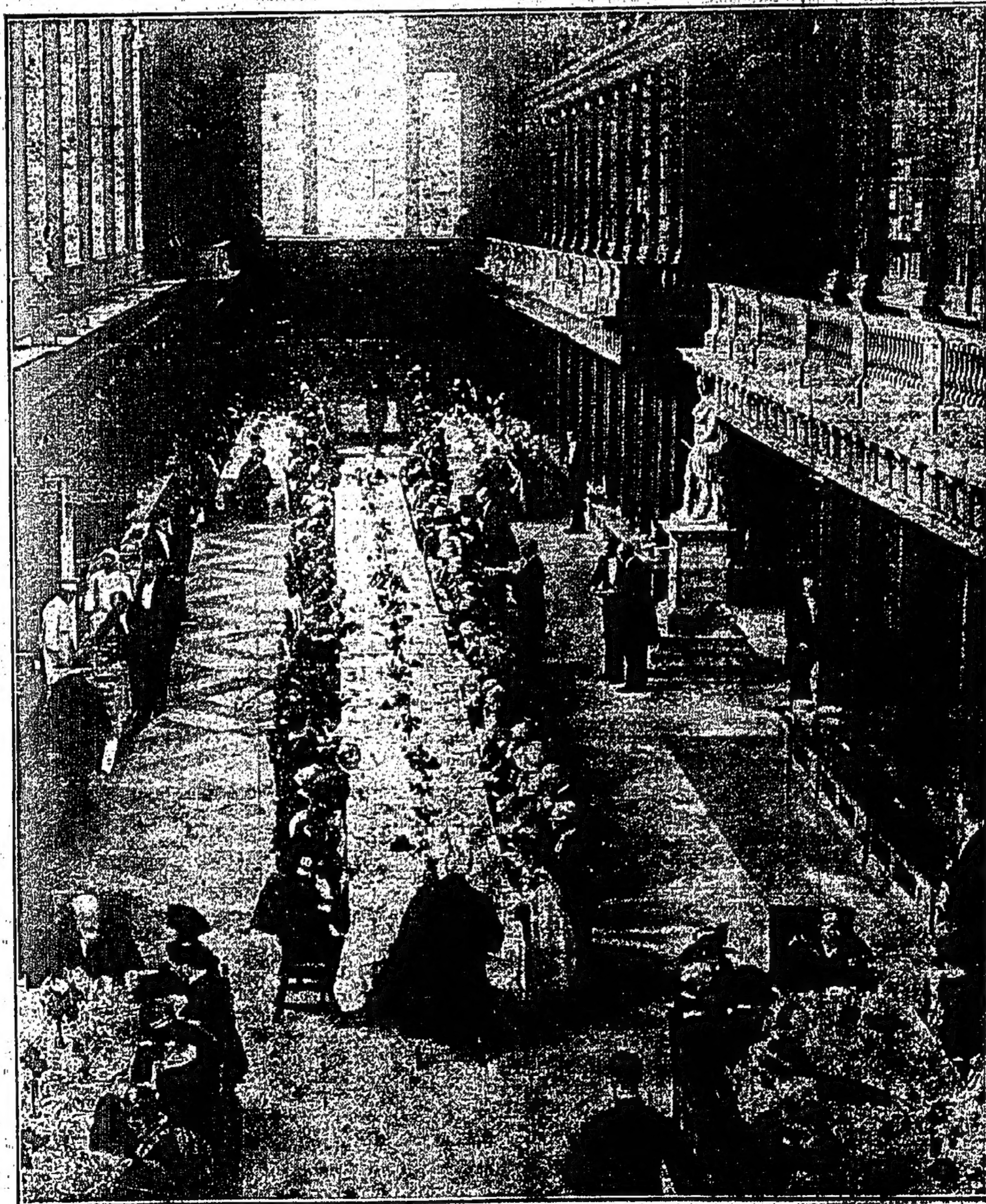
This photograph shows the engine of a train in the ditch, after it had struck a switch filled with dirt washed down the hillside near Hackettstown, N. J., during a heavy storm that raged while the train sped on its way. Officials are shown inspecting the wreckage and seeking those reported as missing.

French Premier's Flight.



M. Painlevé, Premier of France, recently flew to the Morocco front, where he conferred with General Lyauty on the Rifian situation. He is seen decorating soldiers of the Foreign Legion fighting in the Rif.

CENTENARY CELEBRATION AT OXFORD.



A photograph taken in the library of All Souls College during the commemorative luncheon, after the presentation of honorary degrees, in celebration of the fourth centenary of Christ Church, Oxford. ("Times" copyright photograph).

In Morocco.



An action picture in the Rif war zone, a trouble belt that has caused France and Spain more than a little anxiety. An Algerian native rifleman is shown wounded during the siege at Sker.

Greek Crisis.



Admiral Hadjirissos, who assumed command of the Greek fleet as part of the coup d'état of General Pangalos, who took command of the war office, was announced as chief of the revolution which will undertake the formation of a new government.

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MAEDONIA	1,108	22 Aug. noon	Marseilles & London
KIDDERPORE	5,334	29th Aug.	M'les, Cassa Blanca, L'don, A'werp & Hamburg
JAYPORE	5,318	2nd Sep.	S'pore, P'ang, C'bo & B'bay
NARKUNDA	16,227	5th Sep.	Marseilles & London
KHYBER	9,114	19th Sep.	Port Sudan, M'les, London & Antwerp
NAGPORE	5,383	24th Sept.	Singapore & Bombay
KARMAIA	9,128	3rd Oct.	M'les, London & Antwerp
SOUDAN	6,696	15th Oct.	S'pore, P'ang, C'bo & B'bay
MALWA	10,941	17th Oct.	Marseilles & London
SICILIA	6,813	29th Oct.	S'pore, P'ang, C'bo & B'bay
KHIVA	9,135	31st Oct.	Marseilles, L'don & A'werp
MANTUA	10,902	14th Nov.	Marseilles & London
KALYAN	9,118	28th Nov.	M'les, London & Antwerp
KASHMIR	8,985	10th Dec.	S'pore, P'ang, C'bo & B'bay
MOREA	10,911	12th Dec.	Marseilles & London
KASHGAR	9,005	26th Dec.	M'les, London & Antwerp

BRITISH INDIA-APCAR SAILINGS

TAELIWA	7,936	19 Aug. 1 p.m.	S'pore, Penang & Calcutta
TILAWA	10,006	19th Sept.	S'pore, Penang & Calcutta

EASTERN & AUSTRALIAN SAILINGS (South)

TANBA	6,958	2nd Sept.	Manila, Sandakan, Thurs.
KAFURA	6,000	7th Oct.	Island, Townsville, B'bane,
ST. ALBANS	4,500	4th Nov.	S'ney and Melbourne.

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SAILINGS TO SHANGHAI & JAPAN.

NARKUNDA	16,227	20 Aug. 10 a.m.	Shanghai
GAIRSOPIA	5,443	22nd Aug.	Moji, Kobe, Osaka & Yoko.
TILAWA	10,008	1st Sept.	Kobe
KARMAIA	9,128	4th Sept.	Shanghai, Moji & Kobe

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OUTWARDS. HOMEWARDS.

Vessel	Due Hongkong	Vessel	Leaves Hongkong
GLENAMOV	27th Aug.	PEMBROKESHIRE	26th August
GLENGARRY	31st Aug.	L'don, R'dam & H'burg via Oran.	
GLENSHANE	22nd Sept.	GLENIFFER	1st September
GLENAPP	1st Oct.	L'don, R'dam & H'burg via Oran.	
CARMATHENSHIRE	15th Oct.		
GLENLUCE	1st Nov.		

Movements are subject to change without notice.

For freight or further particulars please apply to—

JARDINE MATHESON & CO., LTD.**THE GLEN LINE, LTD.**

Telephone Central No. 215, sub-ex. 23 and 3696.

BOSTON, NEW YORK & BALTIMORE.

Joint Service of the

"BLUE FUNNEL LINE"

(Ocean S.S. Co., Ltd., & China Mutual S.N. Co., Ltd.)

AMERICAN & MANCHURIAN LINE

(Ellerman & Bucknall S.S. Co., Ltd.)

Sailings from Hongkong.

S.S. "MERTON HALL"	via Suez Canal	19th August.
S.S. "LAMEDON"	via Suez Canal	26th August.
S.S. "PELEUS"	via Suez Canal	7th Sept.
S.S. "MALVERNIAN"	via Suez Canal	19th Sept.

* Calls at New York first.

Steamers proceed via Suez Canal or Panama Canal at Owners option Subject to change without notice.

For Freight and particulars apply to—

BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE or THE BANK LINE, LD. HONGKONG.
HONGKONG & CANTON: JARDINE MATHESON & Co. Ltd., CANTON.**COMPANIA TRANSATLANTICA DE BARCELONA**

(Spanish Royal Mail Line)

MANLIA, SINGAPORE, COLOMBO, SUEZ, PORT SAID, BARCELONA & OTHER SPANISH PORTS.

C. LOPEZ Y LOPEZ	...	3rd Sept.
ISLA DE PANAY	...	28th Oct.
LEGAZPI	...	19th Dec.

YOKOHAMA, KOBE, MOJI & SHANGHAI.

C. LOPEZ Y LOPEZ	...	15th Aug.
ISLA DE PANAY	...	9th Oct.
LEGAZPI	...	30th Nov.

The steamers of this Company are all classed 400 A1 at Lloyd's and are fitted with every modern convenience for comfort and safety of passengers. Stowage and Doctor carried.

For particulars of freight or passage apply—

BOTELHO BROS.Tel. 1531. Alexandra Building, Hongkong.
O. D. BARRETTO, Ltd., 29, Centre Avenue, B. C.

Shipping to Europe, Australia, and other Ports.



SAILINGS SUBJECT TO ALTERATION.

VICTORIA, SEATTLE & VANCOUVER via Shanghai & Japan ports.
Through Bills of Lading issued to all Overland Common Points in U.S.A. and Canada.

Through passage rates to Europe via America S. 1400. G. 1420. U. 1440
KAGA MARU ... Thursday, 27th Aug. at 11 a.m.
MARSEILLES, LONDON & ANTWERP via Singapore & Ports.
ATSUTA MARU ... Saturday, 29th Aug. at 11 a.m.
KASHIMA MARU ... Saturday, 12th Sept. at 11 a.m.
HAMBURG via LONDON & ROTTERDAM & Ports.
DAKAR MARU ... Monday, 21st Sept.
LIVERPOOL via ADEN & MARSEILLES GLESGOW
TOBA MARU (Calls Saigon) ... Sunday, 13th Sept.
SYDNEY & MELBOURNE via Manila & Ports.
TANGO MARU ... Wednesday, 23rd Sept.
AKI MARU ... Wednesday, 21st Oct.
NEW YORK and/or BOSTON via PANAMA.
MAYBASHI MARU ... Friday, 11th Sept.
JAYA ... Sunday, 6th Sept.
BENGAL MARU ... Sunday, 6th Sept.
BUENOS AIRES via Singapore, Duran & Cape Town.
KAMAKURA MARU ... Monday, 31st Aug.
BOMBAY via Singapore & Colombo.
SADO MARU ... Friday, 11th Sept.
CALCUTTA via Singapore, Penang & Rangoon.
NAGASAKI, KOBE & YOKOHAMA.
TANGO MARU ... Thursday, 20th Aug.
SHANGHAI, KOBE & YOKOHAMA.
VICTORIA MARU ... Friday, 21st Aug.
TSUBUGA MARU ... Saturday, 22nd Aug.
SUWA MARU ... Monday, 24th Aug.
MOJI, KOBE & YOKOHAMA.
OSAKA MARU ... Thursday, 27th Aug.
For further information apply to— **NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA.**
Tel. Central Nos. 292, 293 & 2422. S. KINOSHITA, Manager.

DODWELL & CO., LTD.

NEW YORK BERTH.

FOR NEW YORK & BOSTON via SUEZ.

S.S. "KENDAL CASTLE" ... Sails 2nd Sept.

LLOYD TRIESTINO.

REGULAR MONTHLY PASSENGER AND FREIGHT SERVICE FOR BRINDISI, VENICE AND TRIESTE (FIUME).

TAKING, CARGO ON THROUGH BILL OF LADING TO GENOA, ALL ITALIAN, LEVANT, BLACK SEA AND DANUBE PORTS.

REDUCED PASSAGE RATES TO BRINDISI, VENICE OR TRIESTE

£66.

NEXT SAILINGS.

OUTWARD FOR SHANGHAI, YOKOHAMA, KOBE AND MOJI.

S.S. "ESQUILINO"	... Sails about 26th Aug.
S.S. "GERANIA" (cargo only)	... Sails about 10th Sept.
S.S. "DUCHESSA D'AOSTA"	... Sails about 12th Sept.

HOMEWARD FOR BRINDISI, VENICE AND TRIESTE.

S.S. "ESQUILINO"	... Sails about 7th Sept.
S.S. "DUCHESSA D'AOSTA"	... Sails about 31st Sept.

NATAL LINE OF STEAMERS.

FROM CALCUTTA, COLOMBO TO SOUTH AFRICAN PORTS.

Regular Passenger and Cargo Service to South African Ports.
Through Bills of Lading issued from Hongkong.

For Freight or Passage on any of the above Lines apply to—

DODWELL & CO., LTD.

Telephone Central 1036.

Agents.

DOUGLAS STEAMSHIP CO., LTD.

HONGKONG & SOUTH CHINA COAST PORTS SERVICE.

Regular Service of Fast, High Class Coast Steamers having good accommodation for First Class Passengers. Electric Light and Fans in state-rooms and Saloon and Excellent Cuisine.

For Foochow Only

(Occupying 9 to 10 days.)

Steamships. Captain. Leaving.
Haining ... | A. H. Stewart ... | MON., 17th inst. ... at 3 p.m.
Arrivals and Departures from the Co.'s Wharf (near Blake Pier).
For Freight and Passage, apply to
Douglas La Prick & Co.,
General Managers.

Round Trip Tickets will be issued from Hongkong to Foochow (Pagoda Anchorage) and Return, by the same steamer, by the "Haining", "Hathong" & "Hatching" at the Reduced Rate of \$80.00 including Meals while the steamer is in Port.

HONGKONG, CANTON & MACAO STEAMERS.

Sailings from Hongkong daily at 8 a.m. and 3 p.m. and from Macao at 8 a.m. and 2 p.m.

SUNDAY EXCURSION On Sunday the 23rd August s.s. KINSHAN will leave Hongkong at 8 a.m. from Company's Wing Lok Street Wharf and leave Macao at 4 p.m.

COAST SHIPPING.

THE BANK LINE, LTD.

Agents for the following Services.

NEW YORK, BOSTON & BALTIMOREAMERICAN & MANCHURIAN LINE
(ELLERMAN & BUCKNALL S.S. Co., Ltd.)S.S. "MERTON HALL" ... via Suez Canal 19th August.
S.S. "MALVERNIAN" ... 19th September.**BOSTON, NEW YORK & NEW ORLEANS**

AMERICAN & ORIENTAL LINE

Loading for Manila, Boston, New York.

M.V. "ELMBANK" ... via Suez Canal 1st September.
AMERICAN & ORIENTAL LINE**UNITED KINGDOM & CONTINENT**

"ELLERMAN" LINE

(ELLERMAN & BUCKNALL S.S. Co., Ltd.)

S.S. "CITY OF MADRID" ... 9th August.
For Marseilles, London, Dunkirk & Hamburg.

MODERATE PASSAGE RATES TO MARSEILLES & LONDON.

MAURITIUS & SOUTH AFRICA

ORIENTAL AFRICAN LINE

S.S. "SURAT" ... sails Hongkong Middle August.

Loading for Mauritius, Delagoa Bay, Durban, East London, Algoa Bay, Port Elizabeth, Mossel Bay & Capetown.
Through Bills of Lading issued to Beira, Quilimane, Tbo, Port Amelia, Mozambique, Chinde, Inhambane, Zanzibar, Mombassa, Kilindini, Port Nolloth, Luderitz Bay, Walvis Bay, & Madagascar.

AUSTRAL-EAST INDIES LINE.

(Ellerman and Bucknall S.S. Co., Ltd.)

Sailings from Singapore on 6th of every month by "City of Palermo" or "Malatian" to Java, Freemantle, Adelaide, Melbourne and Sydney, and Vice Versa. Through Freight and Passenger bookings from Hongkong in conjunction with "Ellerman" Line or other services.

For freight or passage on any of the above lines, apply to—

THE BANK LINE LTD.

Telephone C. 4791.

AUSTRALIAN-ORIENTAL LINE, LTD.

Consignees of Cargo from New Zealand and Australian Ports are informed that all general cargo for Hongkong by s.s. "CHANGSHA" has been discharged at Manila, and transhipped there at the risk of the owners of the goods to "PRESIDENT WILSON" due Hongkong 14th August, 1925.

For Freight & Passage Apply—

BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE,

Agents.

Australian-Oriental Line Ltd.

OREGON ORIENTAL LINE

Operated for

UNITED STATES SHIPPING BOARD

by COLUMBIA PACIFIC SHIPPING COMPANY FOR PORTLAND

via Manila, & Iloilo.

U. S. S. B. West Jena ... Aug. 21st.

For Portland via Shanghai & Japan Ports.

U. S. S. B. West Jena ... Sept. 6th.

All sailings subject to change without notice.

Through Bills of Lading issued to all rail overland Points in the U.S.A. also to New Orleans, Savannah, Charleston, Baltimore, Philadelphia, New York, Boston, and with transshipment at Portland, Ore., via Panama Intercoastal steamers.

ADDRESS

Canton Agents,

John Manners & Co., Ltd.

Room 26 Bank of Canton Building.

5 Des Voeux Road Central.

Telephone Central 4571.

M MESSAGERIES MARITIMES M

SERVICES CONTRACTUELS

Mail Steamer	Next Sailings from Marseilles	Pro. arr. at Hks and sailing for S'hai & Japan	Pro. sailing from H'kong for M'les
PAUL LEOAT	17th July	18th Aug.	1st Sept.
AMBOISE	31st July	18th Sept.	15th Sept.
OHANTILLY	14th Aug.	15th Sept.	29th Sept.
PORTHOS	28th Aug.	29th Sept.	13th Oct.
ANGEOR	11th Sept.	13th Oct.	27th Oct.

RATES OF PASSAGE MONEY TO MARSEILLES.

(Including Table Wine and free Doctor's attendance)
A Class 1st Class £25.0.0 B. Class 1st Class £28.0.0
Steamers 2nd Class £28.0.0 Steamers 2nd Class £28.0.0
Through Tickets to London and Leading Towns of Europe.
Accommodation reserved in the trains at Marseilles.

LIGNE COMMERCIALES (CARGO-BOATS)

S.S. "MIR" from Dunkirk, London, Havre is due to arrive about 20th Aug.
For full particulars apply to
Messageries Maritimes Co
3 Queen's Building.

CONSIGNEE NOTICES

OCEAN STEAM SHIP COMPANY, LTD.

and

CHINA MUTUAL STEAM NAVIGATION CO., LTD.

Consignees per Co.'s Steamer

"EUMAEUS"

are hereby notified that the cargo will be discharged into Holt's Wharf Kowloon, where it will lie at Consignee's risk and subject to terms and conditions of storage at Holt's wharf. The cargo will be ready for delivery from Godown on and after 20th August.

Optional cargo will be landed, unless notice has been given prior to steamer's arrival.

All broken, chafed, and damaged goods are to be left in the Godowns, where they will be examined on any Tuesdays and Fridays between the hours of 10.45 a.m. and noon within the free storage period.

No claims will be admitted after the Goods have left the steamer's Godown, and all Goods remaining undelivered after the 26th August will be subject to rent.

All Claims against the Steamer must be presented to the undersigned on or before the 9th Sept. or they will not be recognised.

No Fire Insurance will be effected.

BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE.

Agents.

20th August, 1925.

SERVICES CONTRACTUELS

DES MESSAGERIES

MARITIMES.

S. S. "AMBOISE"

Consignees of Cargo from Marseilles, etc., also Cargo from Bordeaux ex s.s. "Caphes" Cargo from Havre, Cognac ex "C. P. Lecocq" & general Cargo from Saigon (except steel bars and Window Glass) ex "Lieut. St. Loubert-Bis".

In connection with above Steamer are hereby informed that their goods with the exception of Opium, Treasure and Valuables are being landed and stored at their risks into the Godowns of the Hongkong Kowloon Wharf and Godown Co., Ltd. Kowloon whence delivery may be obtained immediately after landing.

Optional Cargo will be forwarded on unless intimation is received from the Consignees before 12th Noon To day, requesting it to be landed here.

Bills of lading will be countersigned by the Undersigned, Goods remaining unclaimed after Monday, the 24th instant, at Noon will be subject to rent and lading charges.

All claims must be sent in to me on or before the Thursday the 27th inst. or they will not be recognised.

All damaged packages will be examined on Monday, the 24th instant at 10 a.m. by Messrs. Goddard & Douglas.

No fire insurance has been effected.

R. RODENFUSER

Agent.

Hongkong 18th Aug. 1925.

OREGON ORIENTAL LINE

From PORTLAND, ORE., U. S. A., JAPAN PORTS & SHANGHAI

The Steamship

"WEST JENA" having arrived from above ports on August 20, 1925, Consignees are hereby requested to present their Bills of Lading in exchange for Delivery Orders, and take immediate delivery from alongside steamer.

All cargo not taken delivery of from steamer by 7 a.m. on August 20, 1925, will be landed in to and stored in the hazardous and/or extra-hazardous godowns of the China Provident Loan & Mortgage Co. Ltd. at Consignees' risk and expense, whence delivery may be obtained.

All broken, chafed and damaged cargo will be examined by Messrs. Anderson & Ashe (Marine Surveyors) at the godowns on August 26, 1925 at 10 a.m.

No claims will be admitted after the goods have left the steamer or godowns.

All claims against the steamer must be presented to the Undersigned on or before August 30, 1925, or they will not be recognised.

No Fire Insurance whatever will be effected.

COLUMBIA PACIFIC SHIPPING CO.

Managing Operators,

U. S. S. SHIPPING BOARD & F. C.

Hongkong, August 20, 1925.

